

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1895.

NUMBER 36.

Are You Interested

: : IN : :

Carpets, Rugs, Hemp Carpets,
Rope and Straw Mattings,
Stair Carpeting.
Chenille, Jute and Silk Draperies,
Lace Curtains, Curtain
Fixtures.
Carpet Sweepers, etc., etc.

If so, spend a little time looking our stock over. We have the goods that cannot help but please you. In fact we are showing the largest stock of new goods ever shown in Chelsea at any one time. Every piece of carpet in stock is new. Prices have declined fully 25 per cent. By buying of us you not only get the benefit of this drop in prices, but you get new patterns, and better made carpets than were ever offered to the trade previous to this year.

Why not buy new goods at new prices, when the new goods are the best and the new prices the lowest?

Remember we are always anxious to show goods.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.

HEADQUARTERS FOR Baby Carriages.

Spring is almost here and soon you will be house cleaning, and will need Wall Finish, Paints, Brushes, Gasoline Stoves, Crockery and Glassware Furniture etc. And while we do not pretend that we ought to own the trade of Chelsea and surrounding country, unless we give value received, still if **Courteous Treatment** to all **Our Customers**, with complete stocks of the best class of goods money can buy, and at rock bottom prices will give us the trade, then we are entitled to it, and we are in position to take care of you.

Bargains in all departments.

Hoag & Holmes.

Now That House-Cleaning Time

Is near at hand, remember that the
Chelsea Steam Laundry

Is the place to send your
**Lace Curtains, Counterpanes
and Blankets**

And have them made like new.
S. A. MAPES, Prop.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER,
Designer and Builder of

Artistic Granite Memorials.
Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.
Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

The Glazier Stoves Co.

The Glazier Stove Co has not been idle the past week. Mr. Glazier informs us that he has purchased the property owned by B. Hawley, G. J. Crowell and Mrs. Clark, on Railroad street, and the buildings will be moved off this week or next.

G. J. Crowell has purchased a lot on Congdon street just south of Edward Vogel's residence and will move his dwelling onto the same. It has not been decided at this writing what will be done with the Hawley and Clark buildings, but they will be removed to suitable lots in some part of the village.

This will give the company a frontage on Railroad street of over twenty rods.

A factory and warehouse will now be built on the corner of main and Railroad streets. It will be of brick, 68x90, two stories high, and fireproof. East of this on what was known as the Clark property a foundry will be erected. This building will be 60x120, one story high, and will be one of the largest in the state.

The future looks bright for Chelsea.

Chelsea's Commercial Interests.

For many years Chelsea has been noted at home and abroad for the extent of her commercial enterprise. It enjoys the reputation of being the best point for business of any town in the state of a relative size. It is the natural center of a large agricultural district, unsurpassed by any in the state. A glance at our main business streets on an average day, will speedily convince any one of the truth of this assertion. These streets are packed with people and teams, the wagons loaded for the most part with country produce. Surrounding them are the numerous buyers. As a market town Chelsea has no superior. This helps to bring the farmers here from a long distance. The merchants of Chelsea have always been progressive and enterprising. In the early days of its history men of integrity and well versed in the knowledge of trade, established themselves here, and by fair dealing and strict attention to business, built up many large and prosperous business houses, which have not only proved remunerative to their proprietors, but have helped to stimulate a healthy tone to the entire business of the place. Several of the houses thus established, twenty, thirty and more years ago, are still in existence. They have survived all the storms of financial peril and business depression, and now stand more firmly established than ever. Younger firms, many of whose members had their business training with the older ones, have been established later and are doing a very successful and prosperous business. Failures in the legitimate trade in Chelsea have been few and far between. Our merchants are enterprising and carry stocks that would do credit to metropolitan stores. As a consequence trade is drawn from a long distance in all directions. Several large general stores, carrying nearly all the various lines of merchandise in different departments, are located here, and are all enjoying a very satisfactory trade. To them the farmer can bring his produce, for which he will receive the highest market price; and then without leaving the building can be fitted out with nearly all the necessities and most of the luxuries of life. Besides there are several produce firms who do a wholesale business, shipping to all parts of the country immense quantities of wool, hay, grain, apples, butter, eggs, poultry etc.

To sum it all up, the village of Chelsea is most fortunate in her commercial interests. Her stores and places of business being such as any community can point to with pride. Her merchants and dealers being men of integrity and honor.

We see no reason why the success of the past should not continue in an increasing ratio in the future.

For Sale.

Will sell my safety bicycle "strictly high grade" for \$50 if taken at once.
THOS. J. SPREN.

Mrs. T. S. Hawkins, Chattanooga, Tenn. says "Shiloh's Vitalizer saved my life. I consider it the best remedy I ever used". For Dyspepsia, Liver or Kidney trouble it excels. Price 75 cts. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

The Washtenaw Baptist Association meet in Dexter on Wednesday and Thursday of this week.

New Wall Paper Just Received!

We have just received large shipments of paper hangings, selected from the samples of five of the leading jobbers in this country, and are prepared to show you the best and prettiest designs that can be found anywhere in this county for the money.

DON'T BUY

Without calling on us, as we are saving our customers money on every roll that leaves our store.

IT'S A FACT

That the only way we can afford to sell goods at these quotations is by turning them over like hot cakes. Quick sales and small profits is our maxim. And this always insures our customers the freshest and choicest goods on the market.

Here we go For Another Week.

- Best wool twine 4 1/2 cents per pound.
- 5 Cans good corn for 25 cents.
- New herring 15 cents per box.
- 8 pounds Cormack's rolled oats for 25 cents.
- Try our molasses at 16 cents. Its a good one.
- Fresh gadren seeds in packages and in bulk.
- 34 pounds brown sugar for \$1.00.
- A good broom for 15 cents.
- 7 cakes laundry soap for 25 cents.
- Choice peaches for sauce 10 cents per can.
- Standard tomatoes 7 cents per can.

These are samples of what we are doing every day at the Bank Drug Store.

F. P. Glazier & Co.

Don't Overlook This

Large variety of New Garden
SEEDS.

Bring in your Butter and Eggs.

- 24 pounds granulated sugar \$1.00.
- 5 pounds crackers—good ones—25 cents.
- Sardines per box 5 cents.
- Mustard sardines—large box—10 cents.
- A good coffee 19 cents.
- Cottolene tubs, 8 hoops, 25c.
- China nest eggs.
- Golden Cottolene 8 cents.
- 1 pound good baking powder 20 cents.
- Fresh vegetables.
- 1 large cup mustard 5 cents.
- 1 pint fruit can mustard 10 cents.
- 1 large Jug mustard 15 cents.
- Richardson's butter color 25 cents.
- Fine sugar cured hams.
- Breakfast bacon—narrow strips.
- FLOUR—Chelsea, Jackson Gem and Ann Arbor Patent.
- Golden corn meal for table use, and fine quality graham flour always in stock.
- Salt—1/2 bushel bags, dairy use, 20 cents.
- Higgins imported dairy salt.
- Salt by barrel or pound.
- 2 boxes yeast 5 cents.
- 8 cakes German sweet chocolate 25 cents.
- Call and see u w glassware, (cut glass pattern).
- Large line butter bowls.
- Try our Zoo Floating soap.
- Large can baked beans.
- 7 bars good soap 25 cents.
- White Russian soap, Acme, Queen Ann, Jaxon, 6 bars for 25 cents.
- New smoked herring 13 cents per box.
- Washing powders—Gold Dust, Kirkolene, Perlina, Roseine in stock.
- Good can corn per can 6 cents.
- 3 cans tomatoes 25 cents.
- 3 packages mince meat—best 25 cents.
- Smoked halibut—fresh.
- Coffees from 19 cents to 40 cents per pound.
- Good tea for 30 cents per pound.
- Vall and Craue crackers always on hand.
- Full cream cheese 12 1/2 cents.
- Nice salt fish per pound 4 cents.
- Buy only anti-rusting tinware.
- Fresh garden seeds in bulk—seeds for your Flower garden.
- Remember we carry a full line of crockery and glassware.
- Sow fine mixed lawn grass seed.
- Full assortment of fishing tackle.
- Our bananas are always fine.
- Large line of wash boards.
- Clothes baskets and bars in stock.
- Sweet pea seed in bulk.
- 8 pounds Oatmeal for 25c.
- Seed potatoes—Early Rose and Early Onio fine stock.

GEO. BLAICH.

Bring in your Butter & Eggs

It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

This Applies Also

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

THE Wisconsin supreme court says that a decision of the law which provides that life imprisonment works absolute divorce without further proceedings is valid.

THE body of Edwin Forrest is to be removed to a mausoleum at the Edwin Forrest Home near Philadelphia.

AT San Jose, Cal., Albert Anderson broke into the room of Mrs. Alice T. Blair at midnight and stabbed her to death and then killed himself.

JAMES R. HOLLAND, cashier of the Merchants and Farmers' national bank of Charlotte, N. C., was discovered short in his accounts to the amount of \$75,000.

A VOLUME issued at Washington shows that the total appropriations by the Fifty-third congress were \$497,008,620, and that 1,773 new offices were created.

DURING the absence of Joe Robinson and his wife their house at Quincy, Fla., was burned and three children were cremated.

IN the New York assembly the bill to make Lincoln's birthday, February 12, a legal holiday was passed without a dissenting vote.

THE Dime savings bank at Williamstown, Conn., closed its doors with \$820,501 on deposit and a surplus of about \$23,000.

THE Minnesota legislature adjourned sine die.

MRS. WILLIAM BARTLEY, of Harts-horn, O. T., took a dose of arsenic and forced her 7-year-old daughter to swallow a like quantity of the drug. Both are dead.

THE total receipts from internal revenue for the nine months of the present fiscal year ended March 31 were \$109,995,015, the net increase being \$1,950,163 over the preceding nine months.

THE national session of the commandery general of the Sons of America convened at Shenandoah, Pa.

THE United States supreme court set May 6 for hearing arguments on the petition for a rehearing of the income tax question.

IN the Delaware conference of the A. M. E. church at Philadelphia Bishop Ruler decided that smoking is a sin.

FIRE in the manufacturing and wholesale house of Lanpher, Finch & Skinner in St. Paul resulted in a loss of \$125,000.

IT was reported that seven Poles who were clearing land at Wild Rose, Wis., were cremated by the burning of their shanty.

FIRE destroyed the entire business portion of Chester, Neb.

LOUIS BUDENWITZ and Senor Antonio Ren, citizens of Argentina who are making an overland trip for their government from Buenos Ayres to Chicago, arrived at Little Rock, Ark., having walked the entire distance, 10,145 miles. They left Buenos Ayres August 7, 1892.

THE carpet and plush mills of James Dobson at Falls of Schuylkill, Pa., were closed indefinitely, throwing 2,000 employes out of work.

THE New York assembly adopted a resolution favoring the annexation of Canada to the United States.

A FOREST fire covering 6 square miles and consuming valuable pine timber was raging near Lakewood, N. J.

INCOME tax returns in Alabama numbered 370, and it was believed the tax in the state would amount to but \$50,000.

THE village of Perley, Wis., was nearly wiped out by fire.

A STATEMENT shows that the total western packing for the winter season, ending March 1, was 7,101,000 hogs, an increase of 2,307,000 over the preceding year.

THE Methodist Episcopal bishops of the entire world met in convention at Carlisle, Pa.

GEN. BALLINGTON BOOTH, of the Salvation Army, has renounced Queen Victoria, and will become an American citizen.

THE failure of Louis Schinta, real estate dealer at Appleton, Wis., made many old and helpless persons paupers.

ABOUT 3,000,000 feet of pine lumber in the yard of F. B. Newton & Co. at Cleveland was destroyed by fire.

THE governors of all the states and territories will be asked to aid in securing money to erect a suitable monument over the grave of Francis Scott Key, the author of the "Star Spangled Banner," whose remains are buried in Frederick, Md.

ROBERT FORD (colored), who shot and killed Jerry Brown (colored), was hanged in the jailyard at Nashville, Tenn.

AT Charlott, N. C., the immense brick warehouse of Sanders & Blackwood was burned, the loss being \$100,000.

FIRE destroyed the business portion of Minnewaukan, N. D., the residence portion having a narrow escape.

GEORGE GESCHWILM, aged 32, was hanged at Columbus, O., for murdering his wife on March 8, 1894.

THE attorney general, in answer to the secretary of the navy, has decided that nominations to the naval academy made by the members of the last congress after noon of March 4 last are of no effect.

JAMES YEAGER, an old man, and his two children, aged 5 and 9, were burned to death in their home at Frankfort, Ky.

THE towns of Lytle, Benton City and Castroville, Tex., were devastated by a hailstorm, houses being riddled like a sieve, and the cotton and corn crops completely ruined. The loss was estimated at \$200,000.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 26th aggregated \$995,540,137, against \$918,374,551 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 16.7.

DURING a storm on the Rappahannock ten men (two white and eight colored) were drowned by the capsizing of a canoe at Burnham's wharf in Virginia.

THE Nebraska relief commission announced that calls for aid had closed, and that further contributions were not needed.

REPORTS received at the immigration bureau in Washington show that during the last ten months the number of Italian immigrants arriving in this country was 10,825 less than during the same period last year.

THERE were 230 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 26th, against 241 the week previous and 179 in the corresponding time in 1894.

COUNTY TREASURER C. W. ROWE disappeared from Montezuma, Ia., taking with him, it is alleged, about \$45,000 of the funds of Poweshiek county.

GEORGE RAY, a disreputable negro, was hanged by a mob near Jenson-ton, Ky.

CHARLES STANLEY shot and fatally wounded his wife at Los Angeles, Cal., and then killed himself. The couple had been married only three months. Jealousy was the cause.

GOLD was discovered near Raleigh, a suburb of Memphis, Tenn. It was plentifully mixed with platinum.

JOHN RIGOULOT started to walk from San Francisco to New Orleans, his home. The midwinter fair broke him.

CURRYVILLE, a small town in Pike county, Mo., was almost destroyed by fire.

CONSUL GENERAL C. D. WILDER, of Hawaii, and United States Secret Service Agent Harris were warned of a conspiracy on foot in San Francisco to overthrow the Hawaiian government by means of another revolution.

F. G. ANDERSON was struck by lightning and killed instantly at Valley Springs, S. D., and Jacob Howard met a like fate at Luverne, Minn.

THE world's fair diplomas awarded to exhibitors whose exhibits were favorably mentioned by the judges are being prepared at the bureau of engraving and printing in Washington and will be sent out in about sixty days.

MANY bucket shops throughout the United States and Canada were heavy sufferers by the failure of John C. Allen, who ran the Standard grain and stock exchange at Buffalo, N. Y. His liabilities were \$250,000.

SLOAN HURST (colored), who shot and killed Lemly Raply December 3, 1894, was hanged at Abbeville, S. C.

THE bodies of James Yeager and his two children were taken from the ruins of the Fincel block fire at Louisville, Ky.

JOHN RICH, Sidney Burns, Annie Mitchell and Lora Long were standing on a ledge of rock 300 feet high at Coshocton, N. Y., when it fell and all were killed.

THE Manhattan exchange, stock brokers in New York, with about sixty branch offices in the eastern states, failed for \$200,000.

HAILSTORMS in Arkansas and Mississippi damaged growing crops and destroyed considerable farm property. A negro woman named Kauffman was frightened to death.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE 86th birthday of Mrs. William McKinley, Sr., mother of the governor, was celebrated with a family reunion at Canton, O.

PROF. EDWARD A. SPORN died at Roundout, N. Y., in his 75th year. He was well known in the musical world as the composer of religious, classic and concert music.

MRS. MARY BROWN, aged 91 years, the last pensioner of the war of the revolution, died at Knoxville, Tenn.

ALBERT YOUNG, aged 68, grand patriarch of all the American gypsies, died at East St. Louis, Ill.

MRS. MARY TRUELOCK died at the county poor farm at Salina, Kan., aged 109 years.

COL. FRANKLIN FAIRBANKS, president of the Fairbanks Scale company, died at St. Johnsbury, Vt.

REV. DR. W. MITTENDORF, 64 years of age and for twenty years editor of German literature in the United Brethren publishing house, died in Dayton, O.

MRS. CHRISTINA BORDNER, aged 105 years and 6 months, died at Lewiston, Ill.

THE body of ex-United States Senator James F. Wilson was interred at Fairfield, Ia.

FOREIGN.

THE United States customs officials at Montreal unearthed a gang of smugglers who shipped Chinese across the border to Vanceboro, Me., in perforated coffins.

THE Russian government sent a note to Japan intimating there were various conditions to the treaty of peace between Japan and China that Russia could not allow to be put into execution.

THE Russian government has expelled Mme. Modjeska, the well-known actress, from Warsaw, owing to a violent speech she made against Russia in Chicago.

SIX men were killed and several wounded at the village of Huatla, Mexico, by the collapse of an amphitheater.

PRESIDENT CORDEURO, of Ecuador, has resigned, the vice president taking his place.

A SCORE or more women and girl employes were killed or fatally hurt and \$500,000 in property was lost in a fire in W. C. McDonald's tobacco factory at Montreal.

THE Japanese government, replying to the note of the Russian government, intimating that a change is necessary in various conditions in the treaty of peace, says no change can be made.

THIRTEEN men were killed in a mine explosion at Denny, Scotland.

LATEST advices received from Nicaragua reported that the British troops had landed at Corinto and occupied the town.

JAPAN was amazed at the aggressive combination of Russia, France and Germany against the carrying out of the treaty with China.

FOUR towns in Hungary—Mosrin, Kutoz, Vilora and Rudolfgrad—were practically destroyed by floods, the damage amounting to \$5,000,000.

FIRE at Hartney, a prosperous town in Manitoba, destroyed fourteen business places. Loss, \$100,000.

LATER.

ADVICES from Managua say that Nicaragua protests before all nations against the outrage which Great Britain inflicts upon her by the military occupation of the port of Cominto in order to seize from her by force a sum of money which is not owed, in absolute disregard of international laws and of the dictates of right, justice and equity.

THE Merchants' national bank of Rome, Ga., closed its doors. The bank had a capital of \$100,000.

THE great dike at Bonzey, France, burst and 180 persons were drowned and the whole region over which the thousands of tons of water swept was strewn with every sort of wreckage.

THE Trading Commercial company of Laramie, Wyo., made an assignment for \$100,000.

FIRE losses throughout the country for the week ended on the 27th amounted to \$2,125,425, against \$5,115,650 for the week previous.

THE steam barge Sakie Sheppard foundered off Turtle Island, O., and Capt. Haywood, Mate Fin Carl, Firemen William Houston and William Jones, Brown, deck hand, and a deck hand whose name was unknown were drowned.

GEN. GRANT'S 75th anniversary was celebrated in Chicago, Mrs. Grant and her daughter, Mrs. Sartoris, being present at the ceremonies.

DR. FREDERIC ANDROS, who was the first practicing physician to locate west of the Mississippi river, died in Minneapolis at the age of 92 years.

FIRE destroyed a portion of the Willard state hospital at Ovid, N. Y., the loss being \$100,000.

GEORGE JACOB SCHWEINFURTH, the alleged Christ, was found guilty of adultery by the grand jury at Rockford, Ill., and in default of \$1,000 bond was confined in the county jail.

EDWARD TUCKER, a merchant at Port Tampa, Fla., was taken from his house and unmercifully whipped by feminine white caps for abusing his wife.

IS YOUR BLOOD PURE?

Not One in a Thousand can say "Yes."

The human body is fertile soil for disease germs, but the man whose blood is pure has nothing to fear, because pure, rich blood will keep all the functions of the system in perfect working order.

Blood Poisoned. "When I was 18 a bad fever sore came on my right leg. After a time it healed, but 21 years later, last winter, it broke out again terribly sore, and many said it would never heal up."

Running Sores. "I have been troubled with running sores on my hip for years. I began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla in September, and have not been troubled with running sores since January."

Hood's Sarsaparilla Is the Only True Blood Purifier

THE ever popular comedian, Nat C. Goodwin, at Hooley's Theater, Chicago, week of April 29.

THE MARKETS. New York, April 29. LIVE STOCK—Cattle... 44 00 @ 6 25. Sheep... 3 00 @ 5 25. Hogs... 5 50 @ 6 55. FLOUR—Minnesota Bakers'... 2 25 @ 3 40.

SWAMP ROOT. The Great KIDNEY, LIVER & BLADDER CURE. Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

LOOK FOR THIS LOCK! THE BEST SCHOOL SHOE Made. SECURITY SCHOOL SHOE. PRICES FOR CASH.

5 to 7 1/2—\$1.00 11 to 13—\$1.50 8 to 10 1/2—1.25 1 to 3—1.75 IF YOU CAN'T GET THEM FROM YOUR DEALER WRITE TO HAMILTON-BROWN SHOE CO., ST. LOUIS.

Beecham's pills are for biliousness, bilious headache, dyspepsia, heartburn, torpid liver, dizziness, sick headache, bad taste in the mouth, coated tongue, loss of appetite, sallow skin, etc., when caused by constipation; and constipation is the most frequent cause of all of them.

Go by the book. Pills 10c and 25c a box. Book FREE at your druggist's or write B. F. Allen Co., 365 Canal Street, New York.

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH. BEST IN THE WORLD. For durability and for cheapness this preparation is truly unrivalled.

The Wonderful Forstner Auger Bit! It bores round, oval and square holes as smooth and polished as a gun barrel.

Ely's Cream Balm WILL CURE CATARRH. Price 50 Cents.



KNOWLEDGE Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

PIANOS. 300,000 OF THESE ILLUSTRIOUS INSTRUMENTS ESTEY ORGANS. ESTEY & CAMM State & Chicago. CHICAGO.

AFTER A YEAR.

The slender lilies nod their heads
On either side the garden-way
And all along the flower beds
Tall foxgloves stand in fair array...

THAT ASTOUNDING SUSAN

Hermit Miles' Christmas Hunt on Indian Run.

He Got Some Venison and Then Two Wolves Interfered—Susan a Widow If She Had Not Been a Remarkable Woman.



OLVES was with twenty-five dollars apiece time me an' Susan lived on our clearin'...

ag'in. I wouldn't a ben, nuther, if it hadn't a ben fer Susan. Nothin' surer'n that, sir!

'Twas the day afore Chris'mas, an' me an' Susan was going to Parks, five mile down the creek, nex' day to eat Chris'mas dinner.

'Susan, I says, 'seems to me I ought to go out an' git a deer, so's we kin take some ven'son 'long with us to-morrow, as sort of a Chris'mas present to Joe an' Sally Ann. Hadn't I?'

'Course ye had!' says Susan. 'Git a nice fat one.'

'So I took o' flint lock an' went out. I hadn't gone more'n two miles 'fore I jumped up as nice an' fat a buck as I ever see. I let o' flint lock holler, an' I see by the way the buck twitched his tail an' sprung away that I had touched him and touched him bad. I went on, an' found the snow all splattered with blood, an' blood markin' the deer's trail.

'Here's goin' to be a saddle o' ven'son, I says, 'setch as'll make Joe an' Sally Ann Parks glad they come into these here woods!' I says.

'I follered the deer's track, thinkin' how tickled Susan'd be when she sees that nice, fat deer, and the blood got thicker an' thicker, an' the buck's tracks slower an' slower, till I know'd I'd soon come up to him dead or dyin'. Pooty soon, though, I seen somethin' that jist made my blood bble. Some other tracks showed in the snow, right along the deer's. They was wolf tracks—two on 'em, a follerin' the deer!

'This is sad, I says. 'That nice, fat buck o' Joe's an' Sally Ann's goin' to be fodder fer two 'tarnal wolves! This is sad!'

'I hurried on, an' hadn't gone a hundred yards when I come square out on the wolves an' the buck. The buck was down, an' the wolves was tearin' an' gnashin' away at him tremendous. I up an' blazed away at one o' the wolves, and hit him bad. Away they both went, the wounded one havin' a hard time o' it, an' leavin' lots of his worthless blood stainin' the snow as he went. Goin' up up to the buck I see he was dead, an' the wolves had tore him so that my blood took to biltin' wuss'n ever.

'Them wolves is with twenty-five dollars apiece, I says, 'an' I'm bound to hev 'em, but if they wasn't with a cent I'd hev 'em anyhow, jist fer their mummixin' Joe an' Sally Ann's deer, I says. 'An' disapp'intin' Susan, I says.

'So I follered the bloody wolf track. The two devourin' varmints kep' together, an' I know'd where one went 'fother un'd go. They led me a tol'able long chase, an' they'd a led me a longer un' if the one wolf hadn't a ben wounded so bad. The trail led to an openin' in a ledge o' rocks, an' there, squattin' right in it, was the well wolf. I whanged away. Old flint lock didn't seem to be feelin' jist up to the mark that day. By rights she ought to tumbled the deer square in

its tracks, an' she oughtn't to let the first wolf git away, an' now she hadn't acted square with me in dealin' with the second wolf. She had tumbled it, o' course, but not so it'd stay tumbled, an' the wolf drag itself back into the hole, though it was a hard job fer it.

'Cats!' I says. 'You ain't treatin' me right, flint lock, I says. 'I'm afeard you've give me a bad job here, I says. 'But I've got to hev them wolves, I says. 'If I'd go home an' tell Susan I let a couple o' wolves git away from me, I says, 'she'd give me a look an' say: "Moses, I'm ashamed o' ye!" an' she'd more'n likely say: "Milk the heifer; I'll go an' git them wolves myself," setch an' astoundin' woman is Susan.'

'That's what I said to o' flint lock, an' I laid her down more in sorrow than anger. Makin' an' inspection o' the openin' in the rocks, I seen that it run in amazin' narrow fer three or four feet, an' then spread out into quite a nice showin' of a cave.

'That entry to them wolves' house is awful close work for the eyes! I says. 'There's got to be some tight squeezein' done 'fore I git in to hev it out with them wolves, I says. 'But they'in in there, an' they've sp'iled Joe an' Sally Ann's deer, an' they've disapp'inted Susan, an' they'm worth twenty-five dollars apiece!' I says. 'I've got to hev 'em, squeeze or no squeeze!'

'So I took my buckhorn-handled huntin' knife in one hand an' started in. By wigglin' an' squeezein' an' twistin' an' turnin' like an' eel goin' up a dam, I got half through the narrow entry, when I heerd a terrible objection to my goin' any farder. There was an ugly growl first, then a snarl, then a snappin' o' jaws, an' then the hull o' 'em together, an' then the wolf that made 'em sprung fer me an' socked its teeth in my left shoulder. I had my knife in my right hand, an' I didn't engage to lay there un' let the wolf do all the sockin', so I begun to sock the wolf with the knife. The wolf hadn't skeert me, fer I was 'spectin' somethin' o' that kind; but the fight hadn't no more'n begun 'fore I diskivered somethin' that jist turned me cold from head to foot, an' it seemed to me as if I could feel my hair turnin' white.

'Susan!' I says, I'm afeard yer as good as a widdler!'

'What was the diskivry I made? Why, sir, I was stuck as fast in that narrow place as if I'd a-ben built in there when it was made! I couldn't wiggle ahead, nor I couldn't wiggle backwards. I didn't keer fer the wolf. As fer a matter o' that, layin' there half on my side, I socked my knife so hard an' so fast into that wolf that he was a soner 'fore he could do more'n give me that first sock with his teeth in my shoulder. 'Tother wolf was dead, I knew, or he'd been makin' some kind of a fuss. So wolves didn't cut no figger in the situation at all. It was me bein' held fast in the bowels o' the earth, so to speak, gittin' wedged there tighter an' tighter the more I tried to get myself loose, an' no more chance o' anyone comin' by there than there was o' them rocks openin' of their ownselfs an' lettin' me out. The weather was overpoverin' cold an' gettin' colder. I knowed that Susan wouldn't think nothin' o' my bein' away untill some time after dark, an' then she couldn't do nothin' till mornin'.

'Susan, I says, 'then ye'll be a widdler!'

'Twan't that I was afeard to die that I felt so tremendous awful 'twixt them narrow rocks, but it was the

thought, hopin' that he'd hole up 'fore long, an' then she'd git him.

'As it happened the wolf took a course that brought him squar to where 'tother wolves had ketch'd an' tore my buck. Soon as Susan see the dead buck she know'd what had happened, an' the bloody trail leading away from it, an' my tracks on the trail, kind o' sot her to thinkin', an' she give up the wolf she was chasin' an' took my trail. Consently she wa'n't a widdler, an' we had a jolly Chris'mas at Parks' next day, though we didn't hev no nice fat deer to give 'em for a present. Lord! what times we did usety hev on that clearin'! An' how astoundin' Susan was!'

—N. Y. Sun.

A Sheep-Killing Parrot.

Among the remarkable birds of New Zealand is the greenish-gray nocturnal parrot of the genus Strigops, which lives in burrows and resembles an owl; and still a more singular parrot, the Nestor notabilis, which the English have come to regard as a dangerous nuisance. The English, as is well known, introduced sheep farming into New Zealand, as well as into Australia. Now these parrots have acquired the habit of perching upon the backs of the sheep and excavating holes therein with their formidable bills in order to extract the kidneys. The fact is so much the more curious in that it cannot be attributed to an innate instinct, since previous to the arrival of the English these birds had never seen a sheep, nor even any animal of analogous conformation, the fauna of New Zealand including scarcely a single mammal. We know, moreover, that in entire Oceania there are no other mammals except marsupials. There is here, then, on the part of these birds an act of intelligence and even of calculation, so much the more curious in that it is certainly complicated with a phenomenon of language or analogous communication. It is true that the birds are parrots, but the fact is none the less worthy of remark. —Revue Francaise.

Literal Readings.

It is by no means necessary to go to Swiss hotels or foreign health resorts to find choice specimens of English "as she is wrote." The notice: "Anyone trespassing on these grounds without permission will be prosecuted," was posted up in Ireland and on that ground may perhaps be excused, but the following intimation, which appeared some years ago at an English watering place, was really alarming: "Visitors are cautioned against bathing within one hundred yards of this spot, several persons having been drowned here lately, by order of the authorities." An Irish tramway exhibits the misleading warning: "It is dangerous to walk on the line by order of the directors." A tricky spirit seems to be ever at the elbow of the framer of warning and threatening notices. The following specimen was to be seen by the side of the high road near Canterbury a year or two ago—it is probably still there: "Traction engines and other persons taking water from this pond will be prosecuted." —Cornhill Magazine.

—Moore was a close student of oriental books of travel. He was thus enabled to imitate so closely the style of eastern thought and to so adapt himself to the peculiarities of eastern imagery that his oriental tales read as though written by a Persian or Hindoo. Even during his own lifetime lines of "Lallah Rookh" were sung by the common people in the cities of Persia and India.

—A Grand Rapids Lady, Her Daughter and Granddaughter Perish.

MARQUETTE, Mich., April 29.—Mrs. Mary Post, her daughter, Mrs. Pat Finley, and little Ethel Finley, were drowned in the Autrain river in Alger county some time last Friday afternoon. They were missed from home and a boat was also gone. The bodies of all three were found in the river Sunday morning. It is believed Mrs. Post had, while walking out to Finley's house from Autrain, grown tired of carrying her large satchel and left it at the bridge a quarter of a mile away; that she, Mrs. Finley, and the little girl then took the boat as the easiest way to bring it in, and that the swift current drove the boat on a hidden ledge and capsized it. Mrs. Post had been housekeeper for W. L. Wetmore, of this city, all this winter and had just returned to Autrain.

—Disappointment in love is supposed to have had quite as much to do with Schulze's suicide as fear of disgrace. On his person was found a farewell letter to Marie Wainwright, the distinguished actress.

It will be recalled that when, two years ago, she announced her intention of retiring from the stage, Miss Wainwright was reported to be engaged to marry a prominent man in the west. The disastrous termination of her divorce proceedings put an end to this plan and she continued in her theatrical career.

NOTED MEN TO TALK.

Southern Leaders Soon to Be Heard at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 28.—The currency and banking conference to be held in Memphis May 23 promises to be one of the greatest economical conventions ever held in the south. Present indications are that every city of importance in the southern states will send delegates and that the discussion of finance and banking will be participated in by many popular leaders. Three hundred invitations have been sent to commercial bodies and 2,500 personal invitations have been extended. The responses have been general. John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, has accepted the invitation to address the convention.

McCreary's Views.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 26.—Congressman McCreary in an interview said he was unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver. His declaration was evoked by the free silver stand taken by Senator Blackburn. The congressman says in the course of a long prepared statement of his position and vote in congress: "I favor an international agreement, consistent with sound business methods, but to throw open the mints of this country to the world is simply preposterous." The senatorial race is given a new interest by the views of the aspirants for and against silver. The fight will be made on those lines.

JOHN BULL OUTWITTED.

By Clever Tactics Nicaragua Is Said to Have Secured More Time.

NEW YORK, April 29.—A special to the World from Managua April 28 says: It is stated here that in view of Nicaragua's tactics, the last proposition made by United States Ambassador Bayard to the British government for a fortnight's time for Nicaragua to pay the indemnity in will be accepted.

LONDON, April 29.—A dispatch from Managua gives the following details of the landing of a British force at Corinto: Shortly after 2 o'clock in the morning twenty-two boats filled with marines and seamen were lowered from the warships and immediately after the vessels came around bows on and advanced in a line toward the government pier. Each large launch carried a machine gun forward. There was a great crowd at the pier, but no hostile demonstration was made. The landing party marched without opposition to the custom house and hoisted the British flag thereon.

A part of the marines occupy the principal square of the city. Rear Admiral Stephenson has declared martial law. The landing party was commanded by Capt. French, of the Royal Arthur, who immediately issued a proclamation assuring the citizens that their rights would be respected and that they might pursue their vocations without fear of molestation.

COLON, Colombia, April 29.—The Nicaraguan government, in view of the occupation of Corinto by the British forces under Rear Admiral Stephenson, for the purpose of collecting the customs revenues at that port to satisfy the demands of Great Britain for an indemnity for the expulsion of Consular Agent Hatch and other British subjects from Bluefields, has decreed the closing of the port.

PASO DE CABALLOZ, Nicaragua, April 29.—The plan of Nicaragua to isolate the British at Corinto is being carefully carried out. Orders for goods to be sent to Corinto have been countermanded until the blockade is raised. The threat now is the British will occupy more territory. It is not believed the United States will allow that.

WASHINGTON, April 29.—Central American diplomats are jubilant over what they declare an exceedingly clever move on the part of Nicaragua in abandoning Corinto, declaring it a closed port, and cutting off communication with San Juan del Sur, the cable station. The movement was a surprise to Secretary Gresham, Ambassador Pauncefote and Minister Guzman, as all had anticipated a merely nominal possession of Corinto for a day or two, pending the negotiations for a delay in the time allowed for payment of the indemnity.

There can be no doubt the action of the Nicaraguans in declaring Corinto a closed port has seriously complicated this most troublesome question, and even if there is no resort to hostilities at present it opens a prospect of alarming events in the future, which may, and in fact, are even regarded as likely to involve the United States directly in the affair in spite of the earnest disposition of the administration to avoid then entanglement.

The action means no goods can now be entered at Corinto, a port which has heretofore received over half of the imports into the country, without violating the national law of Nicaragua. The British may collect duties if any goods enter the place, but the latter would be liable to seizure the moment they crossed the British lines into the interior.

Another manner in which the British may be able to secure their ends is by a prompt declaration of war and an invasion of Nicaragua, involving the capture of the capital, Managua, and the imposition upon the Nicaraguans of the British terms as the price of peace. It be that the British government will be driven to the latter course in the interest of trade, our own as well as that of her merchants, which it is bound to safeguard. If goods entered at Corinto after payment of duty to the British occupants should be seized in the interior, the owners, British or American, would have a claim for reparation. The only question is as to whose duty it would be to secure this—whether the United States would feel bound to intervene in the case of an American merchant in such case—and therein lies one of the factors which may involve our country directly in the dispute.

THREE DROWNED.

A Grand Rapids Lady, Her Daughter and Granddaughter Perish.

MARQUETTE, Mich., April 29.—Mrs. Mary Post, her daughter, Mrs. Pat Finley, and little Ethel Finley, were drowned in the Autrain river in Alger county some time last Friday afternoon. They were missed from home and a boat was also gone. The bodies of all three were found in the river Sunday morning. It is believed Mrs. Post had, while walking out to Finley's house from Autrain, grown tired of carrying her large satchel and left it at the bridge a quarter of a mile away; that she, Mrs. Finley, and the little girl then took the boat as the easiest way to bring it in, and that the swift current drove the boat on a hidden ledge and capsized it. Mrs. Post had been housekeeper for W. L. Wetmore, of this city, all this winter and had just returned to Autrain.

—Disappointment in love is supposed to have had quite as much to do with Schulze's suicide as fear of disgrace. On his person was found a farewell letter to Marie Wainwright, the distinguished actress.

It will be recalled that when, two years ago, she announced her intention of retiring from the stage, Miss Wainwright was reported to be engaged to marry a prominent man in the west. The disastrous termination of her divorce proceedings put an end to this plan and she continued in her theatrical career.

NOTED MEN TO TALK.

Southern Leaders Soon to Be Heard at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 28.—The currency and banking conference to be held in Memphis May 23 promises to be one of the greatest economical conventions ever held in the south. Present indications are that every city of importance in the southern states will send delegates and that the discussion of finance and banking will be participated in by many popular leaders. Three hundred invitations have been sent to commercial bodies and 2,500 personal invitations have been extended. The responses have been general. John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, has accepted the invitation to address the convention.

McCreary's Views.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 26.—Congressman McCreary in an interview said he was unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver. His declaration was evoked by the free silver stand taken by Senator Blackburn. The congressman says in the course of a long prepared statement of his position and vote in congress: "I favor an international agreement, consistent with sound business methods, but to throw open the mints of this country to the world is simply preposterous." The senatorial race is given a new interest by the views of the aspirants for and against silver. The fight will be made on those lines.

RETURNING CONFIDENCE.

Industries Gaining Steadily Without Sign of Heaviness.

NEW YORK, April 28.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: "Neither the rising in speculative markets nor the steady gain in industries has ceased, and it is wholesome that there are fewer signs of hesitation in the productive industries than in speculative prices. Wages strikes grow more numerous and cause some trouble, and retail demand lags behind wholesale sales and jobbing purchases behind production in some branches, but through many conflicting reports the fact shines out that the industries are gaining, not with a rush and a whirl, but more safely. It is less clear that railroads are increasing their earnings, or that over production of cotton will be cured by the advance of 1 1/2 cents in price, or that cornering short sellers of wheat will help to market the large surplus. But revival of activity in all these directions, if possible, excessive in some, helps confidence to take the throne so long held by distrust. Recovery is not often mathematically equitable. When the load of depression is lifted, and men find that better things have come to stay, there must be many contradictory changes. Quite a number of works have advanced wages during the week, but strikes to compel an advance, possible for some but not for others, have grown much more numerous. Some shops are closing for want of orders, but a larger number are resuming work. Prices of shoes and cotton goods are rising; wool and woolsens are lower. It would be a distinctly unnatural movement, inviting only distrust, if it were sympathetic and with equal step in all branches.

"Doubt whether hides and whether leather would be held at higher prices hindered shoe manufacturers for a time, but now jobbers want to give more orders than manufacturers care to take, who have their leather yet to buy. The hindrance is the advance in hides and leather, for while 7 1/2 and 10 cents more is paid for shoes, the present cost of leather makes many 10 to 15 cents dearer, and 8 cents paid for western hides is said to mean higher prices yet for some kinds of leather.

"Cotton mills are getting more money for goods and have quite generally advanced wages. The consumption is large, and advances seem to be warranted.

"Iron production, stimulated because ore, coke and oil were to be dearer, is retarded by shrinking demand for products, for on the whole, new business is said to be smaller than in February or March. The structural demand for buildings throughout the country was never better.

"Wool has sold at the lowest prices on record this week, 16 cents for Ohio XX and 9 cents for year's Texas, and offers to clear off stock before new supplies came forward tempt manufacturers to purchase beyond present needs.

"Higher prices for wheat, nearly 3 cents above last week's, tend to check Atlantic exports, which, flour included, were only 1,663,873 bushels for the week, against 2,300,445 last year, though for the previous two weeks about equal to last year's.

"Bank exchanges in April, thus far, average daily 11 1/2 per cent. more than last year, but 16 3/4 per cent. less than in 1893. Money is coming tighter from the interior and a larger demand for commercial loans appears, especially from manufacturing towns in New England and from importers.

"Failures for eighteen days in April showed liabilities of \$5,975,992, of which \$1,632,770 were of manufacturing, and \$3,343,222 of trading concerns. The failures for the week have been \$20 in the United States, against 179 last year, and \$7 in Canada against 26 last year."

ENDED IN DEATH.

Well-Known Railroad Man Commits Suicide at Tacoma, Wash.

TACOMA, Wash., April 26.—The experts who are examining the books of Paul Schulze, late general land agent of the Northern Pacific railway, have found that his defalcation amounts to over \$500,000, instead of a few thousand, as was at first supposed. The shortage, it is said, may even reach the enormous sum of \$700,000. The embezzler, who was one of the best known railroad men in the country and an influential resident of Tacoma, committed suicide a few days ago.

Disappointment in love is supposed to have had quite as much to do with Schulze's suicide as fear of disgrace. On his person was found a farewell letter to Marie Wainwright, the distinguished actress.

It will be recalled that when, two years ago, she announced her intention of retiring from the stage, Miss Wainwright was reported to be engaged to marry a prominent man in the west. The disastrous termination of her divorce proceedings put an end to this plan and she continued in her theatrical career.

NOTED MEN TO TALK.

Southern Leaders Soon to Be Heard at Memphis.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 28.—The currency and banking conference to be held in Memphis May 23 promises to be one of the greatest economical conventions ever held in the south. Present indications are that every city of importance in the southern states will send delegates and that the discussion of finance and banking will be participated in by many popular leaders. Three hundred invitations have been sent to commercial bodies and 2,500 personal invitations have been extended. The responses have been general. John G. Carlisle, secretary of the treasury, has accepted the invitation to address the convention.

McCreary's Views.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 26.—Congressman McCreary in an interview said he was unalterably opposed to the free coinage of silver. His declaration was evoked by the free silver stand taken by Senator Blackburn. The congressman says in the course of a long prepared statement of his position and vote in congress: "I favor an international agreement, consistent with sound business methods, but to throw open the mints of this country to the world is simply preposterous." The senatorial race is given a new interest by the views of the aspirants for and against silver. The fight will be made on those lines.



SHE SNUCK AROUND.



'I'M AFRAID YOU'VE GIVE ME A BAD JOB HERE.'

Do You Want

Why of course you do.

You want new paper on some of those rooms this spring, and

Now

Is the time to buy it while the assortment is good. We are showing a very pretty line of Wall Paper this season, and our prices are the lowest. Please remember, we are always pleased to show goods whether you buy or not.

Groceries

We are making some big **Cuts** in groceries, and offer

A very choice lot of lemons at 20 cents per dozen.
Large ripe bananas 20 cents per dozen.
24 pounds granulated sugar for \$1.00.
Good tea dust 8 cents.

All Patent Medicines 1-4 to 1-3 off.

Broken java coffee 19 cents.
50 pounds sulphur for \$1.00.
3 cans best tomatoes for 25 cents.
Good canned corn 5 cents per can.
Choice canned peas, 3 cans for 25 cents.
Home baked beans 10 cents per can.

4 pounds California Prunes for 25 cents.

Fresh seedless raisins 10 cents.
Spirits of camphor 35 cents per pint.
3 Packages German sweet chocolate for 25 cents.
8 pounds rolled oats for 25 cents.
None Such mince meat 3 packages for 25 cents.
5 pounds crackers for 25 cents.
Full cream cheese 12 1-2 cents per pound.

Good New Orleans Molasses 16 cents per gallon.

7 bars laundry soap for 25 cents.
Kirkoline for washing 25 cents per package.
Banner smoking tobacco 15 cents per pound.
Our 28 cent coffee is making friends every day.

Armstrong & Co.

LADIES

Be sure and see my display of Spring Hats, Flowers, Trimming Materials, etc. School Hats, 19 Cts.

MRS. STAFFAN, Hatch & Durand Bldg.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the
Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglars by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

In the Spring Time

One's first thoughts—especially if a housewife—is of

Kitchen Comfort.

Housework is made easy and pleasant by the introduction of Improved Gasoline Stoves. We are handling the

Dangler New Process Junior Best Makes.

At very low figures, and solicit an examination of their advantages.

Besides these we show the Burch and Bissell plows, John Deere cultivators, Reed spring tooth harrows, McCormick and Buckeye mowers, Thomas hay rakes and Superior drills.

Fishing Tackle, Base Ball Goods and Bicycles. All at low prices.

C. E. WHITAKER.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Geo. Webster is on the sick list.
Houses in Chelsea are at a premium.
Supervisor Lighthall is calling on the farmers.

Miss Cella Foster is cashier at the Bank Drug store.

Truman Fenn, tailor, is working at his trade in Jackson.

Dennis Leach has removed to a farm near Waterloo village.

Considerable real estate is changing hands here this spring.

James Ackerson visited his parents at White Oak last Sunday.

A Carriage factory is one of the possibilities of the near future.

John Steiglemair has purchased the Barnes property on east street.

Miss Agnes Wade is clerking for the H. S. Holmes Merchandise Co.

Jas. W. Cunningham, of Detroit, was in town last Monday on business.

S. A. Mapes and sister visited their parents in Plainfield last Sunday.

J. J. Raftrey has sold his 26-acre farm, north east of Chelsea, to R. A. Snyder.

Mr and Mrs. D. E. Watts of Dansville, are the guests of Mr and Mrs. B. Parker.

Mrs. Sophia Spring and son, of Ann Arbor, visited in Waterloo and Chelsea last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Bacon were in Lansing Tuesday attending the funeral of Mrs. Benj. Franklin.

Olive Chapter, O. E. S. will hold their regular meeting Wednesday evening May 8th, at 7:30 p. m.

Mrs. Charles Snow, of Petoskey, is spending a few weeks with her mother, Mrs. James Harrington.

Mrs. Michael Staffan was called to Saline last Saturday, by the illness of her sister, who resides there.

Mrs. Sarah Sitten, of Algonac, is the guest of Miss Ida Helmrich, and other Chelsea friends this week.

J. J. Raftrey has purchased a half interest in the Wilkinson property where his merchant tailoring establishment is located.

The choir of St. Paul's church will give an Autograph Social at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Hepfer, Thursday evening May, 9, 1895.

Rev. Wm. H. Walker's next lecture will be delivered Friday evening in the Congregational church. Topic, "Rambles in Switzerland."

Messrs. R. Armstrong R. West and Geo. Beckwith, started on their overland trip to California last Tuesday. The young men expect to be about six months on the road.

Frank J. Riggs, law '93, and a Sylvan boy has been appointed manager for Michigan of the Snow-Church Commercial Agency. It is a very responsible and active position.

The Chelsea Steam Laundry is turning out first class work. Patronize your home laundry and thus help to build up the town. Price and work are equal to out of town laundries.

A chance of a lifetime E. E. Shaver, the photographer, is giving a life size portrait free, with every dozen cabinets. See ad in this issue, and call at his gallery over Holmes store, and see sample of portrait.

Ypsilanti Grange will hold an open meeting in the Union Block, Ypsilanti, May 4th, 1:30 p. m. The subject to be considered is "Science in the common schools." All teachers and patrons are very cordially invited.

Died, at her home in Lansing, Sunday, April 28, 1895, Mrs. Benjamin Franklin, widow of the late Rev. B. Franklin, who was pastor of the Congregational church in this village some twenty years ago. The funeral took place on Tuesday.

Miss Elsie Gustman, aged 7, and brother Master Karl, aged 5, arrived here last Friday from Minneapolis, having made the journey alone. Miss Gustman is the guest of her uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Remenschneider, and Master Karl is the guest of his grand father at Francisco.

Road work will commence soon says the Jackson Patriot. Most of it is worse than unless. The practice of annually plowing up part of the roadside and scraping dirt into the roadbed has much to do with causing weed growth in such places. Not only does the freshly plowed ground make a capital seed bed for seeds of weeds scattered from passing wagons but the plowed surface is usually left rough and covered with stones, so that it is next to impossible to mow it. The roadside ought to be made smooth and free from stones. Then, if seeded, it can, with a mower, be cut close to the ground. Weed seeding can be prevented at any rate.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, Apr. 4, 1895

Board met in council room.
Meeting called to order by President.
Roll call by Clerk.
A quorum not being present, meeting adjourned until Monday, April 8th, 1895, at 8 o'clock p. m.

FRED W. ROEDEL, Clerk.

Chelsea, April 8th, 1895.

Board met in council room.
Meeting called to order by President.
Roll call by Clerk.
Trustees present—Riemenschneider and Pierce.

Trustees absent—Schenk, Glazier, Foster and Mensing.

Motion made and carried, a quorum not being present, to adjourn until Wednesday April 10th, 1895, at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

FRED W. ROEDEL, Clerk.

Chelsea, April 10th, 1895.

Board met in council room.
Meeting called to order by President.
Roll call by Clerk.
Trustees present—Schenk, Pierce and Riemenschneider.

Trustees absent—Mensing, Foster and Glazier.

A quorum not present, motion made and carried to adjourn until Friday, April 12th 1895, at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

FRED W. ROEDEL, Clerk.

Chelsea, April 12th, 1895.

Board met in council room.
Meeting called to order by President.
Roll call by Clerk.
Trustees Present—Riemenschneider, Pierce, Schenk, Glazier and Mensing.

Trustee absent—Foster.
The following Committees were appointed by the President, viz:

Street—G. W. Beckwith, A. C. Pierce and W. P. Schenk.

Side and cross walk—A. C. Pierce, A. Mensing and G. P. Glazier.

Ordinance—W. F. Remenschneider, G. P. Glazier and J. P. Foster.

Finance—G. P. Glazier, W. P. Schenk and W. F. Remenschneider.

Fire warden—W. F. Remenschneider.

Pound master—A. Van Tyne.

President protem—W. P. Schenk.

Health officer—Dr. G. W. Palmer.

Special assessors—H. Lighthall, H. S. Holmes, R. S. Armstrong.

John Cook's application to tap the main sewer to drain his lot was referred to the street committee.

The following bills were presented and allowed:

L. E. Sparks, 18 loads of cinders..	\$ 8 60
Harry Shaver, for putting up booths for special election.....	1 50
Chas. Lampert, one days work on street.....	1 25
Henry Heselshwerdt, election com.....	2 00
August Neuburger, election com..	2 00
A. C. Pierce, election com. and registration.....	4 00
J. P. Foster, election com. and registration.....	4 00
F. Roedel, one day on registration	2 00
Jas. Hudler, gate keeper for special election.....	2 00
Jas. Wade, gate keeper for special election.....	2 00
Rush Green, one months salary	30 00
March 1st, to April 1st.....	30 00
Geo. W. Beckwith, election com. one day.....	2 00

Motion made by W. P. Schenk supported by Pierce, that the President appoint a committee of five to investigate and to determine the number and power of lights the best to be selected made by the proposition of the Chelsea Electric Light Company, also the location of lights, and the date the contract shall be in force. Carried.

The following committee were appointed: W. P. Schenk, W. F. Remenschneider, A. Mensing A. C. Pierce and G. W. Beckwith.

Moved and supported that the assessor shall be instructed to make the assessment. Carried.

A. C. Pierce was appointed marshal by the President, and confirmed by the Trustees.

Moved and supported that the Council meet in regular session the first and third Wednesday in every month. Carried.

Moved and supported the meeting adjourn until the next regular meeting.

FRED W. ROEDEL, Clerk.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Feyer Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

QUESTION

The important question is where to get the BEST for the LEAST money.

This we believe is firmly settled in the mind of every consumer to be at

R. A. SNYDER'S.

2 Packages yeast cakes 4 cents.
24 pounds granulated sugar \$1.00.
6 pounds butter crackers 25 cents.
Good canned corn 6 cents.
6 cans sardines 25 cents.
Good canned peaches 10 cents.
Shaving soap 2 cents.
7 bars good laundry soap 25 cents.
Come and get a sample of our sun-cured Japan tea.

We have a good tea for 80 cents.
Try our 19 cent coffee.
Best coffee in town for 28 cents.
A good fine cut tobacco 25 cents.
"The earth" for 15 cents.

Try a sack of our Gold Medal Flour, best spring wheat patent.

Tooth-picks per box 5 cents.
A good syrup for 18 cents.
Best line of candies in town.
Call and see our 49 cent laundried shirts, white or colored. Modern styles.

Our line of work shirts can't be beat.
Our \$1.50 men's shoes is a hammer.
We have the best line of neckwear to be found at 25 cents.

15 cent handkerchief for 10 cents, 3 for 25 cents.
Good handkerchief for 5 cents.
Ladies hose worth 15 cents for 10 cents.
Ladies hose worth 25 cents for 15 cents.
Ladies hose worth 35 cents for 25 cents.
Headquarters for all kinds of produce.

J. C. Twitchell,

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office in Hatch & Durand building.

Dr. W. A. CONLAN

DENTIST,

Office Over Glazier's Drug Store,

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

G. W. Palmer,

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office over Kempf's new bank, Chelsea.

H. W. SCHMIDT,

Physician & Surgeon.

SPECIALTIES—Diseases of the Nose, Throat, Eye and Ear.

OFFICE HOURS:—10 to 12 and 2 to 5.



Operative, Prosthetic and Ceramic Dentistry in all their branches. Teeth examined and advice given free. Special attention given to children's teeth: Nitrous oxide and Local Anesthetic used in extracting. Permanently located.

H. H. AVERY, D. D. S.

Office over Kempf Bro's Bank.

DR. BUELL,

Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon.

Office in Hatch & Durand building.

Office hours—8 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 6 p. m.

CHELSEA, MICH.

W. S. HAMILTON,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College, and member of the O. V. M. S.

Office corner East and Summit streets.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

Subscribe for the Chelsea Herald.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Our Carpet, Rug and Lace Curtain sale of last week was one of the best hits that we ever made in the way of a special sale. The prices made sold nearly one-half of our stock of Rugs and all wool Carpets. We still have more Carpets left than you will find on sale in any other store in Washenaw Co., and some especially good styles and colors. Now, Carpet season will be over in about two weeks, and we will have to carry all goods then in stock through the summer, until Fall trade opens. This means a great deal of labor and probably a loss in price. Rather than do this we have decided to continue our

Carpet, Rug and Lace Curtain Sale

For just one week longer from date, and shall make another cut in prices below those of last week. These prices on no account to last any longer than Saturday, May 11th. This will give all those that could not get ready to buy Carpets, Rugs or Lace Curtains in the stipulated time a chance to get them at Sale Prices. Notice.

16 Rolls of best makes, two-ply, all wool Ingrain, including Hartfords, Kitchmans, etc., at 49 cents per yard.

16 Rolls of all wool two-ply "Victoria" "Osark". Make warranted full weight at 47½ cents per yard.

5 Rolls of regular 45 cent cotton Carpet (good quality) 27½ cents.

Remember we carry all makes of two-ply Carpet, the highest priced and cheapest ones, buying them in quantities which enable us to undersell small dealers.

RUGS—We have sold fully two thirds of all the Rugs that we had on hand at the beginning of the sale. To close out the balance on hand and help along the Carpet sale, we shall offer

7 Moquet Rugs, best quality, 36x72 inches only \$2.88.

35 Ingrain Rugs at 30, 75 cents and \$1.00 each.

Smyrna Rugs at unheard of prices. Ask to see them.

LACE CURTAINS—We shall continue to sell all Lace Curtains at fourth off regular prices. New Goods, New Styles, New Prices. Watch for our next sale, it will interest all.

S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

Sole agents for Chelsea for the celebrated Butterick patterns. Monthly Fashion Plates, Delineators, Metropolitan plate, etc.

FEATHERBONE CORSETS AND WAISTS.

Correct Shapes. Best Materials. Latest Styles. Most Comfortable.

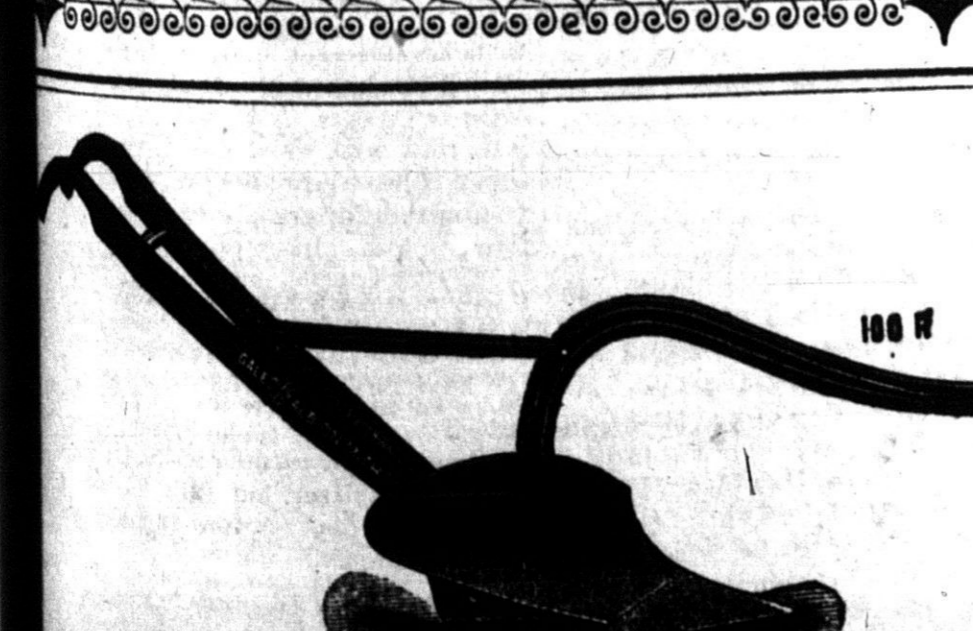
Recommended by Ladies who wear them.

TRADE-MARK REGISTERED. Dress-Makers say: "They are the best fitting corset on the market." Merchants cheerfully refund the money after 4 week's trial if not satisfactory. Call for them at the stores.

FEATHERBONE CORSET CO. SOLE MANUFACTURERS, KALAMAZOO, MICHIGAN.

FOR SALE BY S. HOLMES MERCANTILE CO. Dry Goods, Notions, Clothing and Carpets. CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

"Up To Date Tailoring." Goods are Straight And Prices Right. J. GEO. WEBSTER.



THE NEW GALE These plows are made in full steel, full chilled, combination of both. They are the most useful plows that have been on the market up to the present time. Farmers please call and see them.

W. J. KNAPP.

OIL BURNER TAKES THE PLACE OF DANGEROUS GASOLINE. GOES IN ANY STOVE. NO SMOKE, DIRT OR ODOR. ½ CHEAPER THAN WOOD OR COAL. WANT AGENTS on salary or commission. Send for Catalogue of Prices and Terms. NATIONAL OIL BURNER CO. 622 CEDAR AVE. CLEVELAND, OHIO.

Here and There.

Plant a tree Friday, Arbor Day.

M. L. Barkhart was in Detroit last Monday.

Mort. Conway is clerking at the Bank Drug store.

The trees are putting on their spring garb of green.

Messrs. Leo Staffan and Chas. Miller spent Sunday in Dexter.

Mrs. Mary A. Allyn left last Thursday for Albany N. Y. where she will make her home.

It is estimated that one out of every 180 inhabitants of the United States owns or rides a bicycle.

There will be thirty newspaper men in the next Congress. They should take along their blue pencils and use them.

Perennial youth is the dower of summer girl. Not one of the summer girls of this year will be any older than she was a year ago.

According to the annual liquor tax report of the county treasurer last year, the tax in this county amounted to \$38,900, of which Ann Arbor paid \$16,700.

An advertisement has lately appeared in a number of papers as follows: "A book for the gay; just what you want; sent securely sealed for fifty cents." Several young bloods who were caught by the offer received a neat pocket bible for their money.

There are three things a woman can not do. She can not sharpen a pencil without breaking the lead; she can not carry an umbrella without poking the points in people's eyes, and she can not go into a crowded church without sitting down on somebody's hat.

The manufacture of stockings and gloves of paper has been started. The articles are light and very cheap. The fabric is made of paper yarn, spun like other yarn, and when woven in the same way as other cloth, a soft nap being given to it in the process.

The record of suicides in the United States is higher for 1894 than in previous years. They run as follows: For 1889, 2,224; 1890, 2,640; 1891, 3,331; 1892, 3,860; 1893, 4,460; 1894, 4,912. The causes are: Despondency, nearly one-half insane, 475; liquor, 218; ill-health, 270; domestic infelicity, 241; disappointed in love, 232; business losses 122; unknown, the remainder, 1,310.

Prof. Munson says: A hillside is the best location for an orchard. Many of our best orchards are found on land that can't be plowed. Where the land is suitable first prepare the soil by raising some hoed crop. Wood ashes are a very good fertilizer for trees. Having but few of the best varieties for market. The Ben Davis is not only a good bearer but one of the best selling apples we have. The Baldwin and the Greening are always wanted and bring the highest prices. The Red Canada is still a favorite. March and April is the best time to prune trees.

Here are the main provisions of a bill recently passed by the legislature: "It shall not be lawful for any person to take, catch or kill, or attempt to take, catch or kill, any fish in any of the inland lakes in this state with any kind of spear or grab hook, or by the use of jacks or artificial light of any kind, or by the use of set lines or night lines, or by the use of any single line or lines attached to any buoy or any kind of support, or by the use of any kind of net, or any kind of fire arms or explosive, or any other device whatsoever, except by hook and line held by the person fishing."

Why eggs don't hatch.—Year after year the same experience in failing to hatch most of the early eggs set. Why? Eggs not fertilized cannot hatch. Unnatural conditions prevail in winter and early spring. The birds get little or no meat shells, gravel and some even lack exercise enough. Most of them shiver about daily for hours with feet wet and feathers more or less so. Provide everything for the flock kept for producing sittings do everything for their comfort; don't forget them once and then look for better results at hatching time.—Ex.

At last we have the official canvass of the recent state election, including every county. Moor for Judge on the Republican ticket has 189,294—47,921 less than Rich last fall; McGrath on the Democrat ticket, 108,307—23,016 less than Fisher last fall; Taylor, Populist, 25,943—4,069 less than Nicholas last fall; and Walker Prohibition, 17,116—673 less than Todd last fall. That is a total of 342,160 votes this spring, a loss of 74,678 from last fall's vote, and a plurality for the Republicans of 80,487, against 106,393 last fall. The vote for Regents was something less on each of the tickets. The salary amendment received 50,065 votes, to 139,089 against; and the circuit court amendment had 60,567 to 97,278 against.

The Electric Granite Works.

John Baumgardner, of the Ann Arbor Electric Granite Works, was a pleasant caller at this office one day last week. And while conversing with him, we learned that he has just completed and delivered a fine lot of monumental work which he has had in course of construction during the winter months. He says almost all the stones are of the Sarcophagus design, which has now almost entirely taken the place of the obelisk style. Among the monuments that he has turned out of the sarcophagus design is one for Frank Staffan, of this village, price \$400.00; also two tablets for H. J. Dancer, of Lima, \$150.00 each. With the improved facilities in his works for doing polishing by machinery driven by electric power, Mr. Baumgardner is able to turn out a monument on very short notice, as he does not have to send the work east to be done, and he always has a large stock of granite in the rough on hand.

Potatoes for Planting.

Early Freeman Potatoes from seed grown by Professor T. B. Terry, the noted agricultural author, and potato grower, of Ohio. Also the famous Early Polaris Potatoes. For sale by H. L. Wood, Chelsea.

Sharp Eyes.

It is wise to cultivate the eyes, make them see. You think you see well, but if you begin to try to see you will be surprised at the wonderful discoveries you will make. I know a little girl, who, when she goes into the woods, sees a great many things no one else sees until she calls their attention to them. Beautiful bits of moss, unknown tiny flowers, stones with mosses on them, spider webs, even leaves with strings defacing them, this small girl sees. You are busy every minute when in the woods with her, she sees so many new things. A boy named Philip went into the woods gunning. As he walked along he saw the marks of claws on a dead tree. He cut the tree down, thinking he would find a wildcat and found the trunk of the tree filled with wild honey. He ran home to his mother and told her what he had found. They got a cart and drove back to the tree. It contained 400 pounds of honey. That boy must have been glad that he had learned to use his eyes.

Eggs for Sale.

If you are interested in Poultry, F. Brooks would call your attention, and invites you to come and see his flock of 40 full blood Brown Leghorn pullets. What C. C. Shoemaker says of the Leghorn: "Among all the non setting class there is no better layer." Eggs for sale. Terms in line with the close times 86 F. Brooks, Chelsea.

Spend your Outing on the Great Lakes

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$12.50 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of a trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath-rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water. These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignace, Petoosky, Chicago, "Soo" Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit. Daily between Cleveland and Put-In-Bay. The cabins, parlors and staterooms of these steamers are designed for the complete entertainment of humanity under home conditions; the palatial equipment, the luxury of the appointment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. & T. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

Free Pills.

Send your address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a free sample box of Dr. King's New Life Pills. A trial will convince you of their merits. These pills are easy in action and are particularly effective in the cure of Constipation and Sick Headache. For Malaria and Liver troubles they have proved invaluable. They are guaranteed to be perfectly free from every deleterious substance and to be purely vegetable. They do not weaken by their action, but by giving tone to stomach and bowels greatly invigorate the system. Regular size 25c per box. Sold by F. P. Glazier, Druggist.

Beissel and Staffan.

Albion Patent Flour.

Always the Same.

Gives Better Satisfaction than any Patent Flour on the Market.

For Sale By

Beissel and Staffan

It's a Grand Success.

The fact has been demonstrated by the thousands of testimonials the Mayers Drug Company, of Oakland, Md., has received since it has sent its famous Mayers Magnetic Catarrh Cure out to the sufferers of catarrh. No medicine has received such an endorsement from the people in so short a time as it did. The makers sell the medicine on business principles, and a patient is not required to buy the medicine by the dozen to get a cure. The Mayers' Magnetic Catarrh Cure sells for \$1 per bottle, one bottle to last for a three months treatment. Three bottles is the highest record ever required to complete a cure. General catarrh one bottle is guaranteed. No cure no pay.

This is an unequalled offer and if you are a sufferer from catarrh get a bottle from your druggist, if no benefit derived costs you nothing. A prominent R. R. conductor speaks:

Cumberland, Md., April 29th, 1893.

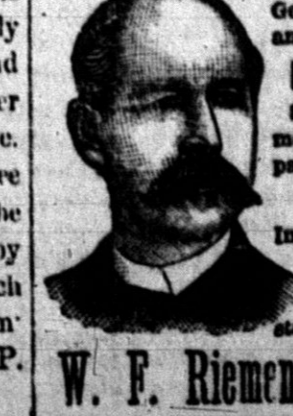
To the Mayers Drug Co., Gentlemen:—Yours to hand, in reply will say that I have the highest regard for your Catarrh Remedy, my trouble is in a chronic form and expect to use more than one bottle. I used one bottle which removed the trouble from the head in good shape and am on the second bottle for throat trouble, if I should succeed with the latter as I did the former I shall write you again in the near future. Hoping it will do for the suffering humanity what it did for me, I remain,

Yours truly G. J. SCHMUTZ.

Sold and positively guaranteed by F. P. Glazier & Co., Chelsea, Mich.

W. L. DOUGLAS \$3 SHOE

IS THE BEST. NO SQUEAKING. And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the Best in the World. See descriptive advertisement which appears in this paper. Take no Substitute. Insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES. with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by W. F. Riemenschneider & Co.



NEWSPAPER LAWS.

Any person who takes the paper regularly from the postoffice, whether directed to his name or whether he is a subscriber or not, is responsible for the pay.

NEW YORK city, which claims a population of nearly 2,000,000 people, supposed to include more than 200 millionaires, returns only 13,000 people with incomes of \$3,500 and upward.

GEN. MARTINEZ CAMPOS, who has been sent over from Spain to subdue the Cuban insurrection, is sixty-one years old. He has been an officer for nearly forty years and during half that time the first soldier of Spain.

THERE are 990 prisoners at the Michigan state prison at Jackson, sixty of whom are without cells and sleep in the corridors. The pardon board recommended to the governor that fifty prisoners be sent to the state house of correction at Ionia, and this will be done.

GREAT embarrassment was caused in the royal courts of London by an Arabian witness who insisted on being sworn on the Koran. He was tried on a Hebrew edition of the Pentateuch, but refused to accept that, and as the court did not happen to have a copy of the Koran handy the witness was excused.

BLUE jays and other birds common in the neighborhood of Ohio are also common in the neighborhood of Sitka, which, by the way, is no colder in winter than Boston. Many Alaska birds come south to the United States for the winter, flying at a speed which Fleming estimates at from 30 to 150 miles an hour.

IN a lecture on the effects of rifles Prof. Horsley, of London, having shown some photographs of bullets in flight, demonstrated that in front of every bullet is a parabolic curve of compressed air, while behind it there are a series of little eddies of air rushing into the vacuum created by the flight of the missile.

A PIECE of Berlin Gobelin tapestry of the seventeenth century kept in the Hohenzollern museum has just been repaired and hung in the royal palace. It represents the great elector at the siege of Stettin, is 15 feet by 12, and is valued at \$75,000. The moth eaten pieces were replaced by new ones, and the tarnished silver by new, in the Berlin factory.

THERE are 70,000 acres given up to the cultivation of oysters along the Long Island sound front of Connecticut and the land and plants are valued at \$4,000,000. The product when sold must return nearly \$1,000,000 annually, and yet the Connecticut oyster plant is only a fraction of the value of the Chesapeake bay plant. The latter is probably worth \$20,000,000.

It is said that a young Viennese physician, Dr. Marmorek, at present with Dr. Pasteur in Paris, has discovered the bacillus the presence of which causes septic diseases. He has named the bacillus "Streptococcus pyogenes," and states that it is the active cause of blood poisoning, of inflamed wounds, etc. What is more important, however, is that he has also discovered an antidote for it.

THE mountain fastnesses of Formosa have long afforded a shelter for the bloodiest lot of criminals known to modern times. In its harbors Chinese pirate vessels, have found shelter and immunity from punishment. This condition will last no longer than it requires the Japanese emperor to establish his rule there, and he is likely to assume the jurisdiction even though England does strongly protest.

HERE is the way the income tax decision affects one rich man says the Boston Herald: Income from real estate, \$73,000; income from government bonds, \$22,500; income from city bonds, \$12,000; income from other sources, \$5,600. He received a total income of \$112,100 during 1894, and under the law as it stood would pay a tax of over \$2,000. As the law is left by the supreme court he will have to pay on only \$1,600, or \$32.

THE largest purveyor of modern books to the National library of France is the dead-letter office. It appears that in many states of Europe, even in Belgium, Holland, Bavaria and Austria, a severe censorship is exercised on all French books passing through the post office, and whenever the works are deemed immoral or irreligious they are sent back to France, where they go to the dead-letter office, which forwards them to the National library at Paris.

"THE Lord lets people be born on Sunday, He lets them die on Sunday, and why shouldn't we let them be buried on Sunday?" said Rev. Mr. Deitz, addressing the San Francisco Baptist Ministers' association on the subject of Sunday funerals. This was the text of a heated discussion, which finally resulted in the passage of a resolution for the discontinuance of Sunday funerals. Rev. Mr. Hobart, who led the anti-Sunday funeral fight, said some people save up their dead all the week in order to have funerals on Sunday. It was decided to wage a relentless war on the custom.

A BIG DIKE BURSTS.

An Appalling Catastrophe Reported from France.

Flooded Waters, Suddenly Loosed, Sweep Away Many Small Villages—Over 200 Persons Drowned—Recovery of 180 Bodies.

EPINAL, France, April 29.—The great dike at Bonzey, in the Epinal district in the department of the Vosges, burst at 5 o'clock Saturday morning. The cubic volume of the dike is 8,000,000 meters (8,745,000 yards). The great rush of waters completely obliterated several hamlets and caused a frightful loss of life. It is at present impossible to get anything like an approximation of the number of lives lost, but it is thought it will reach over 200. The village of Bonzey, with its extensive pisciculture establishment, has disappeared. Other villages wiped out or devastated by the flood are Bousent, Uxegney, Nomexy, Budegney, Demevres, Darnieuelles and Aux Jorges.

Enormous damage has been done in the surrounding country. The railways in all directions are interrupted and a large number of villages are entirely flooded. In some places the force of the torrent let loose by the break in the dike was so great that entire houses were swept away and large trees were torn up by the roots.

The reservoir was situated close to the village of Bousey and was connected with the Canal de l'Est. The breach caused by the rush of water is over 300 feet broad.

The authorities are doing everything possible to rescue imperiled persons. Many families are still in danger. The authorities are also taking steps to provide relief for the homeless. Assistance and supplies will be sent from the nearest point.

In a single commune, that of Uxegney, 7 kilometers (4 1/2 miles) from the scene of the disaster proper, twenty-three persons were drowned. At Nomexy eight bodies have been found. Wherever the water flowed it destroyed everything in its path. The steep, vertical banks of the Canal de l'Est burst at Bonzey and emptied a reach of water 11 kilometers (6 4-5 miles) long into the Averi valley, through which the flood followed to Nomexy, where it flowed into the River Moselle. At Darnieuelles all the houses were destroyed and few were spared at Aux Jorges. Hundreds of families have been rendered homeless and many who were asleep at the time lost even their clothes.

At Demevre twenty-five of the inhabitants were drowned. At Oncourt one person was drowned. Seventeen persons are still missing at Uxegney, where sixteen houses are in ruins. It is now believed a total of over 200 lives were lost. The damage done by the flood it is believed will amount to \$10,000,000.

Epinal is the capital of the department of Vosges and is located on the railway de l'Est, 190 miles from Paris. It is generally well built, has a ruined castle and several large and fine public edifices, including a prefecture, theater, public library and a museum of paintings and antiquities. It is the seat of manufactures of embroidery, lace, linen fabrics and thread, hosiery, earthenware, oil-paper and chemical products. Its population is about 14,000.

The bursted reservoir which supplies the canal was formed by a dike 500 meters long. It was built during the years from 1879 to 1884 and was strengthened in 1888 and 1889. It consists of a wall of masonry 30 meters high and 20 meters thick at its base. The foundation is 9 meters deep. The bed of the reservoir is of natural rock. The dike was regularly inspected, and no signs of weakness have been detected since 1890.

WANTS A MIXED DOLLAR.

Plan to Settle the Silver Question by Putting Both Metals in the Same Coin.

DETROIT, Mich., April 29.—The Tribune (rep.) publishes an editorial leader which declares in favor of the solution of the present money question by the creation of a new dollar, to be composed of proportionate parts of gold and silver. The article quotes the declarations of the republican-national platforms of 1888 and 1893 in favor of bimetalism, and points out the dangers of a practical silver monometallism through the throwing open of the mines to unlimited coinage. It calls attention to the difficulties and delays which would attend the negotiation of an international compact and questions the successful maintenance of a parity of gold and silver by that means in any event. It calls upon the republican party to fulfill its platform pledges by formulating without delay a practicable scheme for bimetalism, especially in view of the threatened disintegration of parties and the drawing of new party lines, with gold monometallism on one side and silver monometallism on the other. Continuing, the Tribune advocates the composite dollar as a measure easiest to effect and with the least disturbance to business of any plan suggested. It proposes:

"That all existing coinage laws be repealed and that there be enacted a law creating a new American dollar, which should be the sole standard coin of the nation, this dollar to be composed of 200 1/2 grains of standard silver and 12 1/2 grains of standard gold fused together and struck into a handsome coin about the size of the present half dollar.

"The coin would be of absolutely stable value, for in case of disparity at any time in the commercial value of gold and silver what was lost by the depreciation of one metal would be made up by the exactly corresponding appreciation of the other."

HONOR TO GRANT.

The Hero's Birthday Observed in a Noble Manner.

GALENA, Ill., April 29.—The people of this city, which was the home of Gen. Grant, celebrated Saturday the 75th anniversary of the illustrious commander's birth. The feature of the festivities was the presentation to the city by Judge C. C. Kohlsaat, of Chicago, on behalf of his brother, H. H. Kohlsaat, of a magnificent painting entitled "Peace in Union," by Thomas Nast. The painting, which is 9x12 feet, illustrating the scene of Lee's surrender and contains the portraits of many famous war generals of both armies. Mayor Birmingham accepted the gift on behalf of the citizens. The painting will hang in Grant memorial hall in the public library building. A brilliant oration was delivered on the subject of the "Silent General" by Hon. H. D. Estabrook, of Omaha. A military and civic parade preceded the presentation of the painting, and the exercises closed in the evening with a public reception. The city was decked in bright, patriotic colors, and many visitors from Chicago and other places were present.



GEN. GRANT.

CHICAGO, April 29.—Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant, the widow of the warrior, statesman, diplomat and citizen, came into a draped box at the Auditorium Saturday night. The vast audience, which had come to do honor to the dead hero, arose and, with one accord, filled the air with waving handkerchiefs and applause which refused to be silent. Mrs. Grant bowed, wiped her eyes and, from the enthusiasm of the reception, the thousands sank into silence and a thoughtful worship at the shrine which the day had erected. Mrs. Grant had Mrs. Sartoris at her right and her grandchildren at her left.

This observance of the hero's birthday anniversary was under the auspices of the Press club and the sentiment behind it brought out enough thousands to fill the house. Hon. Luther Laflin Mills delivered an eulogy of Grant. He said in part:



MRS. U. S. GRANT.

"This day the country bows before the name and deeds of Grant—rendering the homage of the greatest of all nations of time to one who in its supreme peril did more than any other man to prevent the tragedy of its destruction, by the triumphant conduct of a just war, who, rising from the ordinary life of the American citizen—an unexpected surprise—became the incarnation of the nation's desperate defense, and for four long years swung his sword from the Mississippi to the sea, from Belmont to Appomattox, and sheathed it not until at last came the country's triumph and salvation of the republic.

"Ulysses S. Grant was one of the people: in blood and ancestry a simple American. His was a life of simplicity of work, of the absence of luxuries, of few books well learned, of the influence of religion. He was no soldier of a parade; war was to him no play. He was a commoner who believed that war was war; he fought for results and won them. He gave us victories. But Grant was more than a soldier. The qualities of good judgment and common sense, the instinct of justice, his high appreciation of the motive and spirit of our institutions, made him in time of peace a statesman. In the logic of events he became president, and despite contemporary criticisms, engendered by political controversies, his administration of the duties of his great office from 1869 to 1877 is a shining page in the American annals. Let us take into our lives and strive to make abiding there the lessons of the justice, the humanity, the patriotism, the nobility of Grant."

Mr. Mills was followed by Gen. O. O. Howard, who spoke of Gen. Grant's military career as viewed by him personally. He called on the friends of Grant to come forth each year with information regarding the life of that hero until a death blow has been dealt to all the gross slander which has been uttered against him.

Gen. James Longstreet and Gen. Fitzhugh Lee wired regrets. The latter complimented Grant, both upon his bravery and the treatment given the soldiers of the south as prisoners.

Speaker Crisp for Silver. ATLANTA, Ga., April 29.—Speaker Charles F. Crisp declares for free coinage of silver and for a western man as the democratic nominee for president, the financial question being made the paramount one in the party platform. He deprecates the early starting of the discussion of political issues so far in advance of the campaign.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

State Public School.

There are at present in the state public school at Coldwater 227 children, of which number 51 are colored and 47 are girls. Their ages range from 2 1/4 to 17 years. During the past three months 59 children have been placed in comfortable homes in different parts of the state. A notable feature just at present is a company of jubilee singers composed of sixteen of the colored lads, and their singing is pronounced wonderful. There has been but one death in about three years, which fact is remarkable when the number of children is considered.

After Many Years. Walter Barker, a veteran of the war, has just been reunited to his family, whom he had not seen since he left for the front nearly thirty-five years ago. He kept up no correspondence with home during the war and his family moved from Wisconsin to Wayne county. When the war closed Barker returned home, but could find no trace of his wife and children and finally went west. A few weeks ago he learned his wife and children were living near Detroit and found them. A touching reunion followed.

United States Flag Refused. The Women's Relief Corps recently decided to present American flags to all public school rooms in Saginaw, and included the German Lutheran school of the Sacred Heart. Following the presentation it was arranged the school children should take a pledge to the flag, embracing the words: "One country, one language and one flag." R. H. Richter, the superintendent of the German school, refused to accept the flag, owing to the words "one language."

State Board of Health. Reports to the state board of health by fifty-five observers in different parts of the state during the week ended April 20 show that erysipelas increased and pneumonia and pleuritis decreased in area of prevalence. Consumption was reported at 150 places, scarlet fever at forty, typhoid fever at seventeen, diphtheria at twenty-one, measles at twelve, and smallpox at Detroit, Grand Rapids and Brownstown.

Denied a Mandamus. The supreme court has denied a mandamus to compel State Treasurer Wilkinson to return a \$400 franchise fee paid last year under protest by the Moline Plow company of Moline, Ill. The court holds that the franchise-fee act of 1891, as amended in 1893, is not in contravention of the provision of the federal constitution conferring upon congress the power to regulate interstate commerce.

Accused of Incendiarism. An old Frenchman named Allett, his son, and another young man named Bishett, were arrested at Nadeau and confined in the county jail at Menominee on a charge of incendiarism. The warrant was issued at the instance of Nadeau Bros., whose sawmill was burned recently. The mill had been idle for several weeks.

Brief News Items. More than 100 French Canadians, nearly all married men, have left Houghton for Verner, Can., where Father Paradis is founding a Catholic colony of French Canadians from the United States.

The sawmill of Nadeau Bros. at Nadeau was totally destroyed by fire loss \$20,000; partly insured.

Charles Ulrich, employed at the Hancock chemical works at Dollar Bay, was arrested charged with blowing up the works and causing the death of Dorfinick Christiana on March 15.

At Hillsdale Mrs. Laura Burleson was given a judgment against the Village of Reading for \$1,600 for injuries sustained by falling upon a defective walk.

A thousand persons witnessed the launching of the monster steel freighter James J. McWilliams, of Buffalo, at Wheeler's shipyard in Bay City. The boat is 300 feet long, all steel, and one of the finest of her class afloat.

The annual meeting of the Michigan Republican-Newspaper association will be held at Hastings, May 10 and 17.

Lieut. Gov. Milne, recently elected to congress, will resign his state office at Lansing May 10. Senator J. R. McLaughlin, of Detroit, president pro tem. of the senate, will be his successor.

Henry Adams, diamond thief, was released from Sing Sing prison and immediately arrested and taken to Detroit to answer to a charge of stealing diamonds in 1888.

Over a dozen French Canadians have returned from Vornor, Canada, to Houghton. They say the land is all rocks and swamp. They report that some of their comrades, who had no money, are walking back to the United States.

A new post office has been established at Gradenville, Grafton county, with special service from New Haven Centre. The name of the post office at Dunn Mine, Iron county, has been changed to Dunn.

Little Nina Cuatt, aged 5 years, fell into a barrel of soft soap at Union City, and before taken out the alkali had eaten into her eyes and ears to such an extent that it is feared her sight and hearing have been totally destroyed.

MICHIGAN LEGISLATURE.

LANING, Mich., April 24.—The senate on Tuesday passed a bill providing for a state medical board, consisting of four regular physicians, two homeopathic, two eclectic and one physio-medical, to constitute the board of registration for the regulation of the practice of medicine. The senate appropriation bill, the first of a series of measures for dividing the state into twelve congressional districts, was killed in the senate.

LANING, Mich., April 25.—The senate Wednesday night by a unanimous vote disposed of the liquor tax question by passing the bill which passed the house two weeks ago, fixing the uniform tax at \$60. A determined effort was made to make the tax payable July 1 instead of May 1 and also to secure concessions which would permit saloons to be kept open on secular holidays, but they were unsuccessful.

LANING, Mich., April 26.—The senate on Thursday in committee of the whole agreed to the Bially health bill, repealing the present law and providing for the appointment of a new board of six members, of which the governor shall be a member ex officio. The committee also agreed to the Foote deer bill, making the open season from November 1 to 25 inclusive and limiting to five the number of deer each hunter may kill in one season. The senate agreed to a bill establishing the Mackinac Island park commission and making an appropriation of \$3,000 therefor; also to a bill for the erection or purchase of an executive mansion.

The \$500 uniform liquor tax, which passed the senate Wednesday night, was signed by the governor Thursday and will become a law in May.

LANING, Mich., April 27.—Senator Townsend on Friday introduced a resolution deploring "the lack of principle in the national government's conduct of foreign affairs, a fresh example of which is given in the cowardly attitude of the United States in view of England's treatment of our sister republic, Nicaragua." A majority of the senators were of the opinion that the resolution was in bad taste and it was withdrawn. The senate has passed the bill appropriating \$10,000 for a statue of Austin Blair, Michigan's war governor, to be erected on the state capitol square. The Johnson pure-food bill was agreed to by the senate in committee of the whole. It contains the same provision prohibiting coloring of oleomargarine or buttering to resemble butter that was stricken out in the house the present week.

LANING, Mich., April 24.—The house passed the senate municipal commission charter bill for fourth-class cities, under which about fifty-three cities become incorporated by passive consent January 1, 1895, unless they previously decide to the contrary by vote. The Rodgers pure food bill was agreed to in committee of the whole after striking out the most important provision which prohibited the coloring of oleomargarine or buttering. An amendment was adopted early in the discussion to the effect practically that it could be colored with any substance not injurious to health.

LANING, Mich., April 25.—The house on Wednesday agreed to a joint resolution submitting to the people in November, 1896, the proposition requiring all electors to be able to write their names and to read the constitution of the state in the English language. The committee on education reported favorably a bill for free text books in public schools.

LANING, Mich., April 26.—The house on Thursday for the second time defeated the bill repealing the mortgage law of 1863 on final passage, and although the vote was reconsidered and the bill tabled it is not likely to pass. The house also killed a bill for the establishment of a state normal school at Mount Pleasant.

WORK OF TRAIN WRECKERS.

Diabolical Attempts on a Big Four Flyer Fall by Merest Chance.

NILES, Mich., April 25.—Two attempts were made Tuesday night near Benton Harbor to wreck the Big Four train known as the "Court House Flyer." The first attempt was made 5 miles south of Benton Harbor, where the train struck a dummy-car which had been placed on the track. The car was demolished and the front end of the engine damaged. Two miles further, while moving at a slow rate, the train struck a pile of ties and was delayed two hours. This last accident occurred at what is known as the Sodas curve, the most dangerous part of the road, and had the train been running at the regular speed, a frightful accident would have been the result, with possibly a great loss of life. There is no clew to the perpetrators.

MATTHEWS WOULD ACCEPT.

Indiana's Governor, However, is Not Seeking the Nomination for President.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 27.—In an interview with Gov. Matthews he was asked if he would take the democratic nomination for president if it were offered to him. His reply was: "Of course I would. So would any citizen. If the governor of a state says it would refuse to be so honored, you can put it down that his statement is pure and simple affectation. But I am not a candidate, nor a candidate for anything—that is, in the sense of seeking the nomination."

The governor refused to declare himself for free silver, but said he would stand by his party record and declarations in the past.

Will Appeal to American Capitalists.

St. JOHN'S, N. F., April 27.—Sir William Whiteaway's followers, composing the government of Newfoundland, have resolved upon appealing for help to the United States, asking them to grapple with the present financial difficulties which are irresistibly drawing the island toward union with Canada. The colony needs \$1,000,000 to meet pressing liabilities in the shape of withdrawals from the government savings banks and interest on loans due in London at the end of June. The government intends applying to American capitalists to obtain the money.

May Turn Convicts Loose.

LINCOLN, Neb., April 27.—A peculiar situation has developed in state finances, by which it may be necessary to close the penitentiary. The last legislature abolished the contract system in vogue but failed to appropriate funds to pay the institution's expenses. No money is available. The governor must call an extra session of the legislature to have the appropriation made or make the penitentiary self-supporting. He will try the latter.

ESCAPE CUT OFF.

Montreal Factory Proves a Veritable Fire Trap.

Hundreds of Persons Fanned in the Burning Building—Thirty-Three or More, Mostly Girls, Perish or Are Badly Injured.

MONTREAL, Can., April 27.—W. C. McDonald's extensive tobacco factory in Ontario street was partially destroyed by fire Thursday evening. Blanch and Victoria Thibedeau were killed and thirty-three others, of whom most were girls, were badly injured. Fifteen of these hurt, it is thought, will die.

The loss will reach \$500,000, on which there is no insurance. There was no fire-escape on the outside nor any appliances on the inside of the building for fighting the fire. Even the windows were guarded by heavy iron screens, presumably to prevent theft.

The fire started at 5 o'clock in the dry-room, and for awhile smoldered. Then suddenly the flames burst through and a panic ensued.

There were 900 employes in the building, which had no fire escapes and only two staircases in the interior. All the windows were barred with heavy iron lattice work, a precaution taken to keep employes from throwing tobacco to their friends. Frantic with fear, the women, of whom there were fully 300 penned up on the top stairs, screamed for help, half choked by the greasy black smoke.

The dense crowd prayed and shouted as it swayed to and fro in its excitement and horror, and relatives and friends of the people made piteous appeals to save their loved ones. Some of the girls managed to tear one of the iron lattices from a window. Then the real tragedy of the night began.

Blanche Thibedeau, aged 18, crazed with fear, jumped first and was battered into a shapeless mass. A cry of horror went up, but it was only a beginning. Before tender hands could lift the remains into an ambulance others had attempted the terrible leap, following the first like frightened sheep. Out they came, one after another, till twenty inanimate bodies littered the sidewalk and were carried away to the various hospitals among the lamentations of the crowd. Three priests, their soutanes trailing in the mud, were kneeling on the ground praying for the souls of the unfortunates. Ambulances could not attend to them all and cabs were pressed into service. Six were conveyed to the General, seven to the Notre Dame and nine to the Royal Victoria hospital.

Three firemen were on the roof and could not get down. For fully twenty minutes their lives were in jeopardy and they prayed and yelled by turns to be saved. Then sufficient length of ladders were secured to bring them down. They were terribly burned. In the meantime the firemen had managed to break some more ladders and were carrying crying women in long processions down the ladders. Another fireman was still on the roof and the scene with the flames around him, his hands raised in prayer, reminded one of the terrible disaster at the world's fair. Finally he was also taken down, but he was terribly burned. His name was Max Borel. Another fireman, Pat Cronn, fell from a ladder and had both legs broken. Two others also lost their footing and fell, breaking several ribs.

At a late hour it is said at least six girls are missing and there is little doubt their charred and crushed bodies are in the ruins.

A PASTOR'S PERIL.

Strong Effort to Prove Him Guilty of the San Francisco Murders.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 27.—About the only tangible evidence so far obtained against Durrant, the medical student accused of having killed Minnie Williams, is that the prisoner was better acquainted with the dead girl than he will acknowledge. As to the matter of the positive identification of Durrant as having been seen about the church where the murders occurred during the evening when the deed was committed, that has not so far been done.

The defense believes that it has a case against Rev. Gibson, and will, it is said, try to show that he and not Durrant killed both Miss Williams and Miss Lamont. It was in support of this theory that Gibson was asked to give Durrant's counsel specimens of his writing. George Monteith, a well-known attorney, discovered what led to this line of investigation. On the morning after the finding of Minnie Williams' body the Call published a statement from Gibson, attached to which was a fac simile of his signature. On the same morning the Examiner published fac similes of names written on the margin of the paper sent around the rings returned to the dead girl's aunt, Mrs. Noble. Monteith is an expert on handwriting, and says he discovered peculiarities in the writing which showed that both were by the same hand. He reported this discovery to Durrant's counsel, and it is said their investigations have satisfied them that Durrant's case has received a great deal of strength from it. Monteith was in court when Gibson submitted his specimens of writing and says that the additional specimens make the correspondence between the preacher's writing and that on the paper wrapper more remarkable.

TWO TRIPLE ALLIANCES.

Talk of England, Japan and United States Combining Against Russia, Germany and France.

WASHINGTON, April 28.—Rumors of a new triple alliance were afloat among the diplomatic corps Friday. The members of the new international compact, if it be perfected, will be the greatest nations of the continents of Europe, Asia and America. In other words an effort is being made, according to diplomatic authority, to induce the United States to join Great Britain and Japan in an alliance against the powers of Europe and of everywhere else.

Knowing well the disinclination of this country to entangle itself with foreign countries in defensive and offensive alliances, Great Britain and Japan are said to have suggested a mere commercial alliance. Should the invitation to join such an alliance be accepted by this government the mere announcement would, it is thought, be sufficient to hold Russia, Germany and France in check in their attempt to prevent the consummation of the treaty of peace between Japan and China by which China will cede certain of her territory to Japan.

LONDON, April 28.—The Daily News has this dispatch from Yokohama: The memoranda presented by the Russian, German and French ministers at Tokio represented the cession of Liao Tung to Japan as a constant menace to Peking, calculated to nullify the independence of Korea, therefore the powers, desiring to show their sincere friendship for Japan, advised her to renounce the possession of this territory. The friendliness of this advice was especially emphasized. The note, it was said, was not intended to be an open or covert menace. The impression grows that Japan can rely upon the friendly counsel and good offices of the United States in preventing her being deprived of the fruit of the victory.

SHANGHAI, April 28.—A dispatch received here from Peking says that affairs there are in a critical state. Some of the generals are in favor of continuing the war. The censors object to Viceroy Li Hung Chang and the terms of the treaty of peace between China and Japan, and the officials are claiming that the emperor alone should decide upon the terms. The ratification of the treaty, consequently, is uncertain and if it is not ratified it is feared that there will be trouble with the army.

A FAITHLESS WIFE.

Her Conduct Makes Her Husband a Murderer and a Fugitive.

SIDNEY, O., April 28.—A terrible tragedy occurred in the jail here Friday morning, and John Perkpile is now a hunted wife-slayer, while the body of his victim lies in the morgue awaiting burial, unattended by the affectionate demonstration due from a husband to an honored wife. The Perkpiles were young married people and enjoyed the best of reputations. The husband is a successful young business man and the wife was a woman of rare beauty. Their little home was cosily appointed, and it was supposed that fidelity and love reigned supreme within it.

Last Tuesday Mr. Perkpile left home on a business errand and Thursday night he was the horrified recipient of a telegram announcing that his wife had been arrested and was locked up in jail awaiting his assistance. Hastening back to Sidney, where he arrived at 9 o'clock Friday morning, Mr. Perkpile was crushed to learn the cause of his wife's arrest. On Thursday night the police made a raid on a disreputable house, capturing a number of men and women, among whom was Mrs. Perkpile. She had gone to the house in company with a lover and the arrest made exposure inevitable. When told of his wife's infidelity Perkpile closed his jaws firmly together and started for the jail. When he arrived there he asked for an interview with his erring wife, and was conducted to her cell. As he approached it his wife caught sight of him and began to weep hysterically.

"Oh, John! I—" began the poor woman as her husband came to a standstill before the grated cell door.

A flash and the loud report of a 44-caliber revolver cut short her exclamation. A woman's scream, the heavy fall of her dead body on the stone floor, the amazement of the officers, the hasty flight of Perkpile ended the episode so far as activity was concerned. No one noticed in what direction he went and his escape was completely effected. Immediately several posses were organized and began to hunt for the wife-killer but up to midnight no trace of him had been secured. Perkpile's bullet entered squarely into the center of his wife's heart and she was dead before her body struck the floor.

Debs Case Continued.

WASHINGTON, April 27.—An order was issued Friday to continue the Debs case at Chicago. It is stated the continuance has no significance. The attorney general wired the district attorney at Chicago to continue the case until the July term of the court. It is expected that by that time Judge Grosscup will have sufficiently recovered his health to hear the case.

GREAT YIELD OF FRUIT.

Promising Outlook in Southern Illinois—Prospect in Union County.

ANNA, Ill., April 29.—Probably never before in the history of this fruit belt has the outlook been so promising for an abundant crop of all kinds of fruits and vegetables. Strawberries will begin to ripen about May 10, and a great yield is expected. The acreage is not so large as in past seasons, but all patches will bear heavily. Blackberries will be quite plentiful. There will be only a fair crop of raspberries, many vines having been killed by the extreme cold of the winter. There will be an enormous crop of tomatoes, melons, squashes and cucumbers. Although many peach buds were killed by the February freeze, the peach trees are loaded to their bearing capacity and the crop will be the largest in years.

The same is true of pears, plums and cherries. A fine apple crop is in prospect, but growers do not look for very profitable prices. The box and basket factories are making unusual preparations to supply a heavy demand for packages. The large shipments of early vegetables have caused a shortage of vegetable packages. While it is not possible to give even an approximate estimate of the number of carloads which will go out of Union county this season, yet the total will run into the thousands. The amount of money which the sale of fruits and vegetables will bring into the county will not be less than \$1,000,000. The Villa Ridge (Pulaski county) grape crop is estimated at 300,000 baskets, or over 100 carloads.

KILLED HIS BROTHER-IN-LAW.

Ex-City Attorney Luscomb, of Milwaukee, Shoots Emil Sanger.

MILWAUKEE, April 29.—Emil Sanger, a brother of Walter Sanger, the bicyclist, was shot and killed by Robert Luscomb, ex-city attorney, at a late hour Saturday night and Luscomb are brothers-in-law and there has been bad blood in the family for a number of years. Sanger's wife is a sister of Luscomb. Saturday night she sought shelter in Luscomb's house, claiming her husband was ill-treating her. Sanger went to Luscomb's house, sought admission, and Luscomb thereupon shot him through a plate-glass door with a double-barreled shotgun. The charge entered his head, killing him instantly.

Mrs. Sanger's body is black and blue from the beatings her husband has given her. Emil Sanger was the president of the C. M. Sanger Sons company, manufacturers of sash, doors and blinds. Luscomb is the son of one of Milwaukee's oldest and best known families and is a leading lawyer with a large practice. Mrs. Sanger is the divorced wife of Frank Jermain, ex-treasurer of the Wisconsin Telephone company, and married the murdered man three years ago.

Luscomb was released in \$10,000 bail. His bonds were signed by Stephen Hayes and S. R. Luscombe, father of the prisoner. During the day he was visited in his cell at the central station by several hundred friends, many of them prominent men, all of whom called to shake his hand and assure him of their sympathy.

SCHWEINFURTH UNDER ARREST

Indictments Returned Against the Rockford Messiah and Three Angels.

ROCKFORD, Ill., April 29.—George Jacob Schweinfurth, the famous alleged Rockford Messiah, for the first time in his life was under arrest Saturday afternoon. He stood it for six hours and was released from the custody of Sheriff Oliver on a bail bond for \$3,000 signed by Peter and William Weldon, owners of the 600-acre farm south of this city, on which is located the Schweinfurth "heaven."

Saturday morning the grand jury returned three indictments, charging him with living in open defiance of morality with Mary Weldon, Mrs. Isabelle Tuttle and Mrs. Margaret Teft Weldon, indictments being returned against the three women also, all of whom have become mothers of children.

SIX SEAMEN DROWNED.

The Sackie Sheppard Founders—All But One of Her Crew Lost.

TOLEDO, O., April 29.—The steam barge Sackie Sheppard, with seven men aboard, foundered off Turtle island, about 5 miles from the mouth of the Maumee river, about 1 o'clock Saturday and so far as known only one man escaped. His name was Albert Hamilton, the engineer of the vessel, and he was rescued from the roof of the cabin house in a demented condition and was unable until Saturday evening to give any account of the wreck. The Sackie Sheppard was manned as follows: Capt. Haywood, Mate Fin Carl, Firemen William Houston and William Jones, Brown, deck hand, and a deck hand whose name was unknown. The crew were all from St. Clair.

Killed by a Locomotive.

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., April 29.—August Mundt and Frank Godfrey, from Appleton, Wis., were run down by a switch engine while trying to board a Union Pacific passenger train Sunday morning. Mundt had both legs severed and died soon after the accident. Godfrey was badly injured, but will probably recover. The men were Union Pacific passengers for Denver.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHEN a man has more money than he knows what to do with, he proceeds to find out what he does not know.—Puck.

\$100 Reward, \$100.

The reader of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & Co, Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills, 25 cents.

If a man speaks or acts with pure thought, happiness follows him like a shadow that never leaves him.—Buddha.

THE Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis Railway is the historic route to Chattanooga and the Southeast and the short line from the North and Northwest, to be used by those who desire the best facilities and the quickest time going to Chattanooga to attend the Second International Convention of the Epworth League in June. Special cars can be parked convenient to the place of meeting, to be occupied as sleeping quarters if desired while in Chattanooga. For further information call on or address Barand F. Hill, N. P. A., 283 Marquette Building, Chicago, Ill., R. C. COWARDIN, W. P. A., Room 3, Insurance Exchange Building, St. Louis, Mo., or D. J. MULLANEY, N. E. Agent, 59 W. Fourth Street, Cincinnati, O.

ONLY those who can forgive who love.—Ram's Horn.

A Poisonous Mist.
This fitly describes miasma, a vaporous poison which breeds chills and fever, bilious remittent, dumb ague, ague cake, and in the tropics deadly typhoid forms of fever. Hostetter's Stomach Bitter prevents and cures these complaints. Biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia, nervous and kidney trouble, rheumatism, neuralgia and impaired vitality are also remedied by the great restorative.

THE average impressionist is not as bad as the pictures he's painted.—Puck.

McVicker's Theater, Chicago.

"Linsey-Woolsey" will remain another week. May 12 "The Cotton King," by Sutton Vane. Superbly cast. Seats secured by mail.

LIFE has no blessing like a prudent friend.—Euripides.

Piso's Cure for Consumption has saved me many a doctor's bill.—S. F. HARDY, Hopkins Place, Baltimore, Md., Dec. 2, '94.

"WANT any mouse traps! Come buy one, do!" No, thanks; we have no mice. "Ach, I'll throw 'em in with pleasure!"—Humoristisches.

When You Want a Thresher,
Horse Power, Swinging or Wind Stacker, Saw Mill, Self Feeder, or an Engine, address the J. I. CASE T. M. CO., Racine, Wis. They have the largest Threshing Machine plant in the world, and their implements may be relied upon as the best. Business established 1842. Illustrated catalogue mailed free.



Consumption kills more people than rifle balls. It is more deadly than any of the much dreaded epidemics. It is a stealthy, gradual, slow disease. It penetrates the whole body. It is in every drop of blood. It seems to work only at the lungs, but the terrible drain and waste go on all over the body. To cure consumption, work on the blood, make it pure, rich and wholesome, build up the wasting tissues, put the body into condition for a fight with the dread disease.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery fights in the right way. It will cure 95 per cent. of all cases if taken during the early stages of the disease. Its first action is to purify the stomach, bowels, liver and kidneys into good working order. That makes digestion good and assimilation quick and thorough. It makes sound, healthy flesh. That is half the battle. That makes the "Discovery" good for those who have not consumption, but who are lighter and less robust than they ought to be.

W. L. DOUGLAS
\$3 SHOE
IS THE BEST FIT FOR A KING.
\$5. CORDOVAN, FRENCH & ENAMELED CALF.
\$4.25 FINE CALF & KANGAROO.
\$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.
\$2.50 WORKINGMEN'S, EXTRA FINE.
\$2.12 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.
LADIES' BEST DONGOLA.
SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
W. L. DOUGLAS
BOSTON, MASS.

Over One Million People wear the W. L. Douglas \$3 & \$4 Shoes
All our shoes are equally satisfactory. They give the best value for the money. They equal custom shoes in style and fit. Their wearing qualities are unsurpassed. The prices are uniform,—stamped on sole. From \$1 to \$3 saved over other makes. If your dealer cannot supply you we can.

ST. JACOBS OIL is the Perfect CURE for

NEURALGIA
WITHOUT RELAPSE, COLLAPSE, MISHAPS or PERHAPS

HAVE YOU FIVE or MORE COWS

If so a "Baby" Cream Separator will earn its cost for you every year. Why continue an inferior system? Dairying is now the only profitable feature of Agriculture. Properly conducted it always pays well, and must pay you. You need a SEPARATOR, and you need the BEST, the "Baby." All styles and capacities. Prices, \$75, upward. Send for new 1905 Catalogue.

THE DE LAVAL SEPARATOR CO.,
GENERAL OFFICES:
72 CORTLANDT ST., NEW YORK.

EIGHT PAPER DOLLS
FOR ONE WRAPPER OF

ADAMS' PEPSIN TUTTI-FRUTTI
Send us two two-cent stamps for postage. These dolls have changeable heads. No two dolls dressed alike.

ADAMS & SONS CO., Sand Streets, Brooklyn, N. Y., Madison Street, Chicago, Ill.

DRESSMAKERS

FIND THE
LATEST PARIS FASHIONS
—IN—
L'Art de La Mode.
8 Colored Plates,
Designed by Our Special Corps of PARISIAN ARTISTS.

Order it of your Newsdealer or send 35 cents for latest number to
THE MORSE-BROUGHTON CO.,
3 East 19th St., NEW YORK.
MENTION THIS PAPER.

LEWIS' 98% LYE
POWDERED AND PERFUMED.
(PATENTED)
The strongest and purest Lye made. Unlike other Lye, it being a fine powder and packed in a can with removable lid, the contents are always ready for use. Will make the best perfumed Hard Soap in 20 minutes without boiling. It is the best for cleaning waste pipes, disinfecting sinks, closets, washing bottles, paints, trees, etc. PENNA. SALT MFG CO. Gen. Agents, PHILA., Pa.

EVERY HOME-SEEKER

Should READ the pamphlet recently published by the Passenger Department of the Illinois Central Railroad, entitled "Southern Home-Seeker's Guide for 1905." It contains over 30 excellent letters from Northern farmers now located in the South, and other authentic and valuable information. For a FREE COPY, address the undersigned at Manchester, Iowa. J. F. MERRY, Assistant Gen'l Passenger Agent.

TO WOOD WORKERS

Who have a paying specialty and want to move West. We have the finest location in the country for manufacturing, and an established business; but under present conditions have surplus Power and Room. We will rent or exchange stock for machinery.
O. M. WOODWARD, Minneapolis, Minn.

LOOK for our announcement in NEXT issue of this paper. It will show a cut of 1 style of
DAVIS CREAM SEPARATORS
It would take several pages to give details about these peerless machines. Handsome illustrated Pamphlet Mailed Free. **LOUIS V. WATSON,**
DAVIS & HANKIN BLDG. AND MFG. CO.
Sole Manufacturers, Chicago.

BE A PRACTICAL ENGINEER "YOUNG ENGINEER'S GUIDE" is best and latest book of INSTRUCTIONS, 242 pages, 32 illustrations. Leather bound, \$1.25. Cash, \$1. J. V. BULLOCK, Boston, Wis. Recommended by J. I. Case Threshing Machine Company. **ORDER THIS PAPER** every time you wish.

A. N. K.—A 1550

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in Time. Sold by Druggists.
CONSUMPTION

